DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

(Successor to the Maryville Republican)

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WON SLUGGING BEE

COMETS HAD ALL THE BEST OF WEDNESDAY'S SWATFEST.

AUBURN LOST 8 TO 2

Shenandoah Won Last Game of the Series from Clarinda—Notes of the Game.

Mink League Standing.

	Won.	Lost	Pr.ct.
Falls City	23	19	.548
Auburn	23	20	.535
Shenandoah	23	20	.535
Maryville	21	22	.488
Clarinda	20	23	.465
Nebraska City	19	23	.452

Yesterday's Results.

Maryville 8, Falls City 3.
Nebraska City 8, Auburn 2.
Shenandoah 6, Clarinda 5.

Where They Play Today.

Maryville at Falls City.
Clarinda at Auburn.
Shenandoah at Nebraska City.

In another slugging bee the Comets took Wednesday's game from Falls City 8 to 3. The local stickers smashed out fourteen hits off Justus, one of them being a homer, and seven two-baggers. Oswalt was stung seven times by the Forresters, McCabe's home run being the only long hit.

The Comets got most of their scores in pairs, and took the first brace right off the reel. With two down, Wintz lost the ball in the left field weeds and went around the circuit. Cook singled and started his great base running with the first of three steals. Walsh pounded a double into center, bringing Cook across, and was thrown out himself trying to make home on DeCamp's single.

Falls City started in with a rush to even things up in the second. Drumm singled and McCabe stuck the ball in the ditch on the division line of center and right, racing home for the knot. Forrester fanned and Fraser caught the ball on the tender side of his elbow, but was caught between second and third a moment later. Jutsus was thrown out from Walsh to Bacom.

The locals bagged another brace of counters in the third. McNeil caught Sackett's foul, and Griffin stuck at first when Forrester picked up his grounder, trotted toward the bag, dropped the ball and lost it between his feet. Wintz singled and Cook brought in both runs when his hot one got tangled up with McNeil. Walsh sacrificed and DeCamp was thrown out at first.

Scoring stopped for an inning and a half, when one more was put over by the locals. Griff pounded out a two-bagger, but could not advance on Wintz's short fly to Steno. Cook's grounder caught Griff on second for the second out, but Cook pilfered again and scored on Walsh's two-bagger. DeCamp brought the finish with a throw from Tappan to Forrester. Another inning and a half passed by and the Comets took their third brace. With Griffin out from Justus to Forrester, Wintz singled to left and stole second. Cook took a walk and Walsh hit to left, good for two bases. A neat double on DeCamp's fly to center from Drumm to Tappan ended the chapter.

The eighth gave each team a score. Bacom failed to handle Steno's grounder in time, Tappan skied to Sackett, and Steno was forced at second on McCabe's grounder.

Singles by Trainor and Drumm scored McNeil, and the third out was forced at second by McCabe's grounder.

In the local half Bacom started with a fly to Steno. Black poled a two-bagger into right and scored on Oswalt's single. Sackett and Griff fanned.

The Forresters took their last time at bat, but failed to connect.

FALLS CITY.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Steno, lf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Tappan, ss	4	0	0	2	1	0
McNeil, 3b	4	1	0	1	0	0
Trainor, 2b	3	0	1	2	2	0
Drumm, cf	4	1	2	3	1	0
McCabe, rf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Forrester, 1b	4	0	0	7	2	1
Fraser, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Justus, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	32	3	7	24	9	1

MARYVILLE.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Sackett, ss	5	0	0	5	2	0
Griffin, cf	5	1	1	2	0	0
Wintz, 3b	4	3	3	1	0	0
Cook, rf	3	3	2	2	0	0
Walsh, 2b	4	0	3	5	1	2
DeCamp, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bacom, 1b	4	0	1	4	1	0
Black, c	3	1	2	7	2	0
Oswalt, p	4	0	1	0	4	0
Totals	36	8	14	27	10	2

Score by innings:
Falls City .....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
Maryville .....2 0 2 0 1 0 2 1 *—8

Summary—Home runs, Wintz, McCabe. Two-base hits, Oswalt, Griffin, Black 2, Walsh 2, Wintz. Sacrifice hits, Black. Stolen bases, Cook 3, Wintz. Struck out, by Oswalt 4, by Justus 3. Bases on balls, off Oswalt 3, off Justus 1. Left on bases, Falls City 7, Maryville 7. Double plays, Drumm to Tappan. Hit by pitcher, Trainor, Fraser. Time, 1:55. Umpire, Sage.

Notes.

Black found a groove right over the initial sack, where he laid down two of the prettiest hits one could imagine, and each of them counted for two bases. And his catching was up to parr, too. The Forresters evidently thought that with "Danny" on the bench they could steal whenever they wanted to, but their efforts were miserable failures.

Some more sensational catches were furnished with Wednesday's game. In the fifth Griffin and DeCamp were racing after Forrester's long fly, and just as Griff put his fingers on the ball he collided with Gus. They both went up in the air, whirled around a few times and landed in each other's fields, but Griff still had the pill. Drumm made a great catch of Sackett's first fly, which looked good for all the way around, and Trainor came in with his usual stab of a liner through second.

Here's to the Falls City boys. After each defeat they entertained the home going crowds with cheerful faces and lusty singing.

Williford Pitched Well.

Auburn, Neb., July 5.—Williford held Auburn safe and without a run today until the ninth inning. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Auburn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2	5	2
Nebraska City	0 0 3 0 0 2 3 0 0—8	12	4

Batteries—Zanderman and Musser; Williford and Pinkerton. Umpires—Bradley and Kratsberg.

Shenandoah Wins Last of Series.

Shenandoah, Ia., July 5.—Shenandoah took the fourth game of the series today from Clarinda. Score:

Shenandoah	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 0 *—6	7	3
Clarinda	0 0 3 0 0 2 0 0—5	10	4

Batteries—Duran and Castle; Walters and Harmony. Umpire—Kissane.

FIRST MARRIAGE LICENSE IN 8 DAYS

The first marriage license issued in the last eight days was granted Wednesday evening by Recorder Wray to Alva A. Dalton of Bedford and Miss Della G. Thompson of Hopkins. The couple were married by Rev. Harrell at 4:30 o'clock Wednesday at his home in this city. Mr. Dalton is a photographer at Bedford. Miss Thompson is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Thompson of near Hopkins.

BARN CAUGHT AFIRE FROM FIRECRACKERS

The barn of L. C. Curran, who lives near Clearmont, was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon, the fire starting from firecrackers. Mr. Curran and wife had gone to town and had left their grandchildren playing with firecrackers.

Mrs. J. L. Tilson went to St. Joseph Wednesday evening for a two days' visit with her sister, Mrs. W. A. Jewell.

Latest Post Cards, 1 cent each, at Crane's.

MOVED

to our new location and better able to supply your wants in all lines we carry.

Hotchkin's Variety Store

106 South Main St.

BAKER PRESIDENT

OF REAL ESTATE BANK TO SUCCEED LATE E. J. WILLIAMS.

E. E. WILLIAMS CASHIER

The Two New Officers Are Able Bankers and Men of Good Sound Judgment, Experienced in Banking.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Real Estate bank was held last Saturday and George B. Baker was elected president to succeed the late E. J. Williams, who died June 26, and Edward E. Williams, a son of the late president, was elected cashier to succeed Mr. Baker.

The Real Estate bank was organized September 7, 1896, by George S. Baker and his son, George B. Baker. In 1904, George S. Baker retired from the active management of the bank and E. J. Williams succeeded to the presidency of that banking institution, holding that position at the time of his death. The bank growth has been steady, and during the last year or so it has made wonderful progress. It is one of the strongest banks in the city and the future holds much in store for its welfare under the management of two such able young men as George B. Baker and E. E. Williams.

George B. Baker early in youth turned his attention to banking. He began as bookkeeper in the Maryville National bank, where he remained until 1896, familiarizing himself with general banking business. In that year he became cashier of the Real Estate bank and has ever since held that position until he was elected to the presidency. Mr. Baker is a good banker and also a good business man, with good judgment, making few mistakes in his calculations and transactions.

Mr. Baker's father, George S. Baker, organized the first bank in Nodaway county in 1868, the firm being George S. Baker & Co., bankers, now the Nodaway Valley bank. October 26, 1874, he organized another bank, known as Baker, Saunders & Co., now the Maryville National bank. In September, 1896, Mr. Baker organized the Real Estate bank.

Edward E. Williams, who was elected cashier, has had considerable experience in the banking business in the few years he has worked in the Real Estate bank. He is a graduate of the Maryville high school and also of the law department of the state university. He is a member of the Nodaway county bar, and was one of the leading attorneys for Hez Rasco in the murder trial in February. He is a young man of good judgment, and he understands all the workings of the banking system, and being a young man of unquestioned integrity, courteous and considerate to all, he has both the confidence and good will of the people. His father was an able banker, and the son promises to be as good.

Both Mr. Baker and Mr. Williams were born and reared in Maryville. They have a large acquaintance over the county who wish them success.

Miss Bess Green of St. Joseph spent the Fourth and Wednesday in Maryville with her sister, Miss Etta Green, a State Normal student.

Miss Martha Denny went to St. Joseph Wednesday evening to visit her sister, Mrs. Donald Cady.

Latest stationery for correspondence at Crane's.

NEWLY ELECTED PRESIDENT AND CASHIER OF REAL ESTATE BANK

GEORGE B. BAKER.

EDWARD E. WILLIAMS.

TELLS OF EARLY DAYS

THE BUILDINGS BUILT BY "UNCLE" MART CHAMNESS.

WAS FIRST CARPENTER

In Maryville, Arriving Here in 1858—Made First Good Bookcase for Court House Officials.

We are pleased to publish the following communication from Uncle Mart Chamness, an old resident of this city. Mr. Chamness was the first carpenter, excepting one, that came to Maryville who could build a good house or make good furniture. The carpenter mentioned was sick when Mr. Chamness came and was not able to work again. His name is not remembered, Mr. Chamness says:

I have been asked by a number of my friends to write of how I found things in Nodaway county when I came here in the fall of 1858 from Waterloo, Ia. I made furniture that winter. There was only one good house in Maryville at that time and that was the brick house of Uncle Jacky Saunders, east of the public square, and there was not a business house in the place finished with pine lumber.

My first job of carpenter work in 1859 was the A. T. Jenkins store, known as the Signs corner, at Third and Main streets.

This was in the spring of 1859, and it was the first good business improvement in town. Next I made a bookcase for the court house and a secretary for the county treasurer, for which the county court paid me $95. This was the first thing these officers had fit to hold their books.

Next I built the first Catholic church building, St. Mary's. I have forgotten its dimensions, but it was a neat little church with belfry and spire. It had three Gothic windows on each side and large Gothic front doors. I built it under the superintendency of a Dr. Bickett, and I. N. Costillo was my helper. Mr. Costillo was a brother-in-law of the late Captain T. W. Gaunt.

Next I built a dwelling for Caleb Burns on Second street, where the city library now stands. T. L. Robinson bought Burns out and lived in the house until he moved in his fine property.

Next I finished off a room by the old tavern for Richard Conway for his boot and shoe shop. Men wore boots those days.

Next I finished a store room for Saunders Bros., where the Bee Hive shoe store is.

Next, in 1860, I commenced the Michau building, on the corner of Fourth and Main streets. This was the biggest business improvement made before the war. I will correct a small mistake some one made when giving the size of the building and the material used in it. The building was 44x60 feet. The frame was native lumber, the rest first class pine. The shingles cost $9 a thousand. What do you think of that for high?

Bickett and Mulholland kept drugs in a small building until the Michau building was finished, the south part being their store. When this building was completed, in 1861, business was stopped until after the war.

I have told so far of the improvements in Maryville from 1858 to 1861.

I forgot to mention old Mr. Morlan and his sons, who came here from Indiana and went into the goods business before the war. I built a dwelling for them on Second street, and their store was where the Nodaway Valley bank now stands, in an old one-story building.

I will write again, if you would like me to, of the time following the fall of 1866, when I returned to Maryville, and give the changes and improvements from that time on as I remember them.

ARRESTED FOR DISTURBING PEACE AND ASSAULT

William Pfeiffer was arrested Wednesday afternoon by John L. Tilson, deputy sheriff, on a charge of common assault and disturbing the peace, the prosecuting witness being John C. Young of Pickering. The trouble is the outgrowth of the alienation suit brought by Mr. Young against Mr. Pfeiffer for the alienation of Mr. Young's wife affections. The suit was settled out of court recently.

Pfeiffer went to Pickering Wednesday, and about 1 o'clock in the afternoon went into the restaurant of Mr. Young and commenced at once starting trouble. Constable Alexander, who happened to be walking by, took Mr. Pfeffer out of the store. Then an attack was made on Mr. Young, so he claims, when he was coming back from the depot by Pfeiffer.

He will be arraigned in circuit court before Judge Ellison probably this afternoon. It is understood that he will plead guilty.

BALL PLAYERS ARRESTED AT BALL PARK

Just after the start of Wednesday's game there was a rush from the bleachers to the road. Beltz, the Comets' latest addition to the pitching staff, and Baird of Falls City, his opponent of Tuesday afternoon's game, had come down to the game full of the flowing bowl. They had cranked up Mr. J. F. Montgomery's automobile and climbed in it to take a joy ride, but were stopped before the car was started. When the officers reached the car the two pitchers were burning up the gasoline by the gallon. They were taken to town under arrest, but were later released at Mr. Montgomery's request. No damage was done to the car.

RAIN FELL IN SEVERAL PARTS OF THE COUNTY

A light rain fell in several places in the western part of the county last night. At Skidmore it is reported they had a half inch rainfall, and also about as much at Burlington Junction. In the Palestine church neighborhood, a few miles from Skidmore, several farmers say that they had three inches of rain.

It looked like Maryville and vicinity was going to get rain last night, but all of the clouds passed over, and about 1 o'clock this morning the sky was clear. It is cooler today, and the weather forecast for tonight is thunderstorms and cooler.

LINEBAUGH CASE TO BE GIVEN TO JURY FRIDAY

The argument of the attorneys to the jury in the Linebaugh contest will case commenced this afternoon, and the case will probably not be given to the jury until Friday morning. George Robb Ellison, one of the attorneys for the Linebaughs, made the opening argument.

Left for Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Goforth and two children, Doris and Donald, left this afternoon for Palestine, Ill., where they will visit for a week or so with Mrs. Goforth's parents, Rev. and Mrs D. W. Conner. Rev. Conner is pastor of the First Christian church of Palestine.

Mrs. I. J. Phipps and children went to Grant City Thursday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Waugh.

Thomas Holliday, who has been visiting his daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. A. Holliday and family, went to Tarkio Thursday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Dragoo.

Mrs. W. A. Spangler and little daughters of Pickering, who have been visiting relatives at Burlington Junction, returned to their home Thursday.

CLUB OUT OF MONEY

SOLICITORS TRYING TO RAISE FUNDS FOR BASE BALL.

OLD DIRECTORS ARE OUT

Meeting to Be Held Tonight in Commercial Club to Take Some Action.

It looks now as though the Maryville base ball team is a thing of the past. Solicitors were out working this morning trying to raise $1,000 so as to enable the team to finish the season, and up to noon only $400 had been subscribed, and nearly all of the business men and fans had been seen. It is not thought that the balance can be raised, although another effort will be made.

Maryville raised only about $1,700 at the first of the season for the ball team, and they have been running short the last week or so. The attendance has been good here, and it was thought that the team would be able to play the schedule without an additional subscription.

A number of other teams in the Mink league have raised more money. It is stated on good authority that Falls City is up against it, as is also Auburn. The attendance at Maryville has been better than at any other town in this league this year. But it seems that there is no salary limit, as many of the teams are exceeding the limit of $850 by more than $300 or $400.

The Maryville team didn't go to Falls City until noon today, making the trip in two automobiles. It is thought that they will get into Falls City in time for the game this afternoon. It was decided last night that Maryville would forfeit the game today to see if the necessary money could be raised, but John Kane and a few others decided to stand the expense of sending the team to Falls City in automobiles.

All of the directors of the Maryville ball club—L. C. Cook, John Murrin, E. H. Bainum, R. G. Koch and W. J. Hutton—have handed in their resignations, and if the money is raised for the ball team a new organization will have to be perfected.

A meeting of the fans and business men will be held in the Commercial club rooms this evening at 8 o'clock to decide whether Maryville will keep on playing ball in the Mink league. Every fan is urged to be present.

Mrs. Lewis Jones of Enid, Okla., is expected to arrive in Maryville Thursday night on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Margaret Toel, and her sisters and brothers, Mrs. John Herren, Mrs. George Lorance, Mrs. J. L. Jones and W. J. Toel.

Herbert Moore, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Moore of Kansas City, arrived in the city Thursday noon on a visit to his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moore of North Main street.

Harry M. Snyder of Norton, Kan., is in Maryville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clun Price and Miss Emma Crandell.

The Weather

Cooler and unsettled weather with probably local thunderstorms tonight or Friday.

Advice about your eyes.

When reading have the light fall on the page over the left shoulder. Never try to read with insufficient light. Do not continue reading or sewing after your eyes have begun to tire. Never use eye salves or washes except upon the advice of a physician. If after you heed these warnings your eyes even still give you trouble, visit our optical department, and get a properly fitted pair of glasses.

Crane's

The Democrat-Forum
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

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JAMES TODD..... } .....EDITORS
T. S. DEMOTTE, SUPERINTENDENT

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POLITICAL NOTES.

(By Democratic Publicity Bureau.)

It cost the country $845,184.56 in two years to bust trusts, but the trusts look the least busted.

• • •

A little while and the Republicans will have lost control of the White House also. The Democratic patriot who can't see a postoffice in his dreams is too sound a sleeper.

• • •

Nick Longworth, the famous son-in-law, says the Democratic theory of the wool tariff is hoary with age. It came down from Sinai in the words "Thou shalt not steal," and the centuries can never efface it.

• • •

Col. Ben Deering has sent out a statement from the Republican publicity bureau to the effect that the state officials, whose duty it is to redistrict the state into senatorial districts had abandoned the job and that the matter would have to be attended to by petition via the initiative and referendum. All of which is hogwash. The truth is the majority of the state officials had regard for their oath of office and discharged this duty, as they do every duty under the law. Hence the state has been divided into senatorial districts, and the plat on file in the secretary of state's office is as much a part of the law of Missouri as any act passed by the legislature.

Miss Nell Peery of Portland, Ore., is visiting in the city with Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Peery.

A SOUND BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

You can't figure out a sounder business proposition than that which urges the people to vote the $3,500,000 new capitol August 1st. The law provides that only this amount may be used; that $300,000 of it goes to furnishing the new capitol, $200,000 to purchasing additional capitol grounds; and $3,000,000 must rebuild the capitol complete—the state will not be liable for any added sum expended. This amount is broken up into thirteen equal parts of $269,230 per year, the bonds running thirteen years, which is a sum so small as not to be felt by such a rich and growing state as ours. This annual payment in turn is broken up into very small parts of 2 cents on the $100 assessed valuation and distributed among the taxpayers of the state, a sum that means only a few cents to each individual. The proposition is not only a sound one when considered alone, but is strengthened when considered in the light of the $5,000,000 issue to be voted on November, 1912, if the August election fails to see its adoption. To carry the $3,500,000 proposition, not only means a new state house which is badly needed and which we can not build for less, but it also means a saving of $1,500,000 in principal and an equal amount in interest over the $5,000,000 plan. Its good business and sound policy and wise judgment to get behind the special election proposition and carry it by the necessary two-thirds.

Stop Frowning

Frowns are a pretty sure indication of weak eyes or defective vison — also that a good pair of glasses are needed; they will improve your looks as well as your eyesight.

Wear Proper Glasses

Glasses to fit your needs must fit your features as well as your eyes. We can do both to your entire satisfaction.

YOU WILL LOOK WELL AND SEE WELL IF YOU HAVE THEM FITTED AT

Raines Brothers
OPTICIANS

109 West Third Street.

NEW BUSINESS FIRM

KNOWN AS THE CEMENT BLOCK AND TILE FACTORY.

WAS FORMED THURSDAY

The Proprietors Are Louis Gram, J. D. Frank and B. A. Frost—Business to Be Conducted on East First.

A new business firm was formed Thursday morning that unites the interests of Louis Gram, for the past three years owner and operator of the cement block factory, and J. D. Frank and Byron A. Frost, proprietors of the cement tile factory.

The name of the new business is the Cement Block and Tile company, with Louis Gram, J. D. Frank and Byron A. Frost owners and proprietors.

The business will be conducted at the same places, the tiling to be manufactured at the present place, on East First street, and the cement blocks at the factory on East Thompson street.

Mr. Gram succeeded Edward Forsyth as proprietor of the cement block factory three years ago, and has conducted it very successfully. He has had wide experience in that business, both as manufacturer and builder. He learned the business in Germany and worked as a builder in stone and brick for a number of years. He has fine knowledge of the cement block business, which promises to be a big factor in building in future, as all contemplating building are considering the advisability of cement blocks wherever possible, owing to the high price of lumber.

Mr. Frank and Mr. Frost began their business of making cement tiling a year ago, and they are more than gratified with their business venture.

The new firm will be one of great service to the community. Especial attention will be paid to building rock houses, and all kinds of masonry, which is receiving much consideration these days, when strength and durability are considered in building a home as much as symmetry and beauty. We wish the new firm unbounded success.

REMARKABLE SERMONS.

Some Were Cruelly Long, and Others Were Models of Brevity.

Sermons are not so lengthy as they used to be, and one seldom sees in the comic prints the joke, so familiar in other times, wherein the minister was chided for his "fourteenthly" remark, which was supposed to mark a period in his sermon somewhat toward its close.

It is said that Thomas Hooker thought his duty ill performed if his sermon did not consume three hours. Once it is related that the famous divine did deliver a really short sermon—preaching exactly fifteen minutes. He sat down, but after a brief rest was up and at it again for two hours more. Every one of Cranmer's sermons was a small volume in itself, and Bunyan, Calvin, Baxter and Knox are all said to have been only a little more merciful to their hearers.

In striking contrast to these long winded discourses may be mentioned some startlingly brief sermons of late years. Perhaps the shortest of all was that delivered by a clergyman at Ocean Grove, N. J., who, after announcing his text, impressively surveyed his congregation and then said:

"Don't worry; it's wicked." He then sat down.

It would be difficult to exceed this in brevity and effectiveness, but a north of England vicar in the last century closely approximated it. He gave out the text, "God so loved the world," etc., to which he added this observation:

"My friends, did I speak an hour I couldn't make that message any plainer. I'll just leave it with you."

Another example of a brief but extraordinarily effective sermon was furnished by an aged and feeble clergyman in Ohio. He had been requested to deliver a charity address on behalf of orphan children, but his strength was unequal to the task. It was therefore an inspiration indeed that moved him to stretch forth one feeble arm in the direction of the little unfortunates sitting near the pulpit and to exclaim with no little pathos, "Whence shall we find bread that these may eat?"

So impressed was the congregation that the collection was the largest ever taken in that vicinity.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Ghost in the Commons.

A certain M. P., lying ill on the continent a number of years ago, received an urgent "whip" for a critical division in the house and replied that he would be present at all cost to his health or convenience. On the eventful night when the house divided the tellers at the division lobby door saw the M. P. in question, and his vote was recorded. The day afterward it was discovered that the number of votes recorded by the division clerks was one short of the number given by the tellers. It was afterward found that at the time the division was taken the M. P. had breathed his last.—London Mail.

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

The Herald favors the building of the new state capitol. Let's vote right in August.—DeKalb Co. Herald.

This paper thinks that $3,500,000 is enough to erect and furnish a new capitol, hence favors voting aye on August 1st.—St. Clair Democrat.

The proposition of rebuilding the state capitol at Jefferson City is to be voted upon in August and should carry by a handsome majority.—Columbia Daily Tribune.

The state is now entirely without a capitol building and it has to have one. Every voter should feel a pride in sanctioning the proposition to erect a state house in keeping with the full requirement and dignity of "Imperial Missouri." The proposition to be submitted in August ought to easily carry—Missouri Cash Book.

Voters throughout the state should organize and carry the three and a half million dollar proposition for a new capitol.—Mexico Ledger.

Let's rebuild the state capitol at Jefferson City and issue three and a half million dollars in bonds therefor.—Mexico Intelligencer.

Nearly all the leading men of both political parties, including public officials, believe that the permanent seat of government should and must remain at Jefferson City, and they are favorable to the pending three and a half million dollar bond proposition.—Monett Daily Star.

A better proposition in business has never been put up to the people of Missouri than that to expend $3,500,000 upon a new capitol building, its equipment and additional grounds.—St. Joseph Gazette.

The people almost without exception are agreed that the capitol should be rebuilt as speedily as possible.—Poplar Bluff Citizen-Democrat.

This is a movement of state-wide interest in which all voters should unite regardless of politics, and thereby do an act really of credit to the state.—Cowgill Chief.

The new capitol will be worth to the state ten times as much as it will cost.—Cape County Herald.

The people of this state, on Tuesday, August 1st, will by their votes give the new capitol proposition their universal approval.—Excelsior Springs Standard.

The true citizen of Missouri can not afford to vote against the issue of bonds on August 1st for the erection of a new state capitol.—Bunceton Tribune.

In these days of progress in Missouri the people can well afford to incur a debt of $3,500,000 for a new capitol.—Gasconade Republican.

This paper is heartily in favor of the three and a half million dollar bond issue to build a new capitol and will work to that end.—Deepwater World.

Vote for the three and a half million dollar bond issue to rebuild the state capitol.—De Soto Press.

Missourians will hardly hesitate to vote three and a half million dollars to rebuild and furnish a new capitol.—Johnson County Star.

As for us and ours we are going to support the three and a half million dollar new capitol proposition.—Doniphan Prospect-News.

Let's get in line for the August election and settle the matter then, and settle it right.—Caruthersville Twice-a-Week Democrat.

There is no valid reason why this proposition to rebuild the state capitol should not be heartily supported August 1st.—Clifton Hill Rustler.

The state is able to build and equip a suitable state house and the sooner it is done the better.—Bloomfield Vindicator.

REBUILD THE STATE CAPITOL.

No tax payer should overlook the following important considerations with respect to the special election to be held on August first:

First: Missouri is without a capitol in which to transact public business and preserve public records. This is the result of a disastrous fire, and presents a situation that must be met by the people.

Second: The legislature provided two plans, one of which must be adopted, or the state be left without a capitol for years to come. The first of these propositions is the bond issue of $3,500,000 to be voted upon on August 1st. If this fails a bond issue of $5,000,000 is to be voted upon in November, 1912.

Third: By the adoption of the $3,500,000 proposition on August 1st, the people can save $1,500,000, upon the principal and more than $1,000,000 in interest; and prevent two or three years of expensive delay in the completion of a new building.

Fourth: The amount each taxpayer will be called upon to pay is insignificant. For instance, a man owning a farm of the cash value of $3,000, assessed at $1,000, would be called upon to pay 20 cents a year for not over 13 years, with the prospect that he would have these taxes to pay for only eight years, owing to the rate of increase of the value of taxable property in the state from year to year, and the consequent increase in revenue.

THE REAL ESTATE BANK

announces the promotion of GEORGE B. BAKER from Cashier to President and the election of EDWARD E. WILLIAMS as Cashier.

The new officers invite the old customers and new patrons and friends to call at the banking house, and assure all that the same liberal policy that has characterized the bank in past years will be continued in the future. Every accomodation consistent with safe banking will be extended the patrons of The Real Estate Bank.

MONEY FOR THE BABIES

The plan to start every baby born in Nodaway County this year with a bank account will be continued by the new officers.

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

Meeting Postponed.

The regular monthly meeting of the C. W. B. M. of the Christian church has been postponed until next Friday, July 14.

Missionary Tea Postponed.

The Baptist ladies' missionary tea, which was announced for Friday afternoon of this week, has been postponed until Thursday afternoon of next week. Mrs. Lee Harrell will be the hostess.

For Des Moines Guests.

A picnic supper at McJimsey lake was given Fourth of July evening to honor Miss Ella Walton Frank's guests, Miss Alva Baldwin and Mrs. William Zeiser of Des Moines, Ia. Those in the party were Miss Frank, Miss Baldwin, Mr. Zeiser, Misses Hazel Ritchie, Grace Sturm, Glen Hotchkiss, Marie Brink, Alice Ray and Miss Helen Dunn of Bolckow, Messrs. Fred Lewis, Fred Bellows, Harold Bellows, Andy Chris Cummins, Elmore Frank and Dale Bellows.

Celebrated Birthday.

Mrs. T. L. Wilderman gave a family birthday dinner party Monday in observance of the eighty-ninth birthday anniversary of her grandmother, Mrs. Katherine Walker, who makes her home with her. Mrs. Walker received many gifts and a post card shower from her friends. The dinner party included Mrs. Walker and her only child, Mrs. James N. Bryan, and husband, James N. Bryan; Mr. and Mrs. Wilderman and their daughters, Josephine and Odette. Mrs. Walker is in excellent health. She has been a resident of Nodaway county since 1850, and is a sister of the late Judge J. E. Alexander of Maryville, who was an influential pioneer resident, the father of Mrs. John C. Curfman of this city.

Fourth of July Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ingles and little son, Leland, and Orville Thompson, of Dawson; Oliver Cordill of St. Joseph and Miss Bessie Sechrist of Lawton, Okla., were Fourth of July dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hawkins and family. Mr. Ingles and his family and Mr. Thompson made the trip to Maryville in their new car. Mrs. Ingles is a niece of Mrs. Hawkins. The visitors were accompanied home by Miss Ivy B. Hawkins for a few days' visit with them. Oliver Cordill, who was a guest at the Hawkins home, is a son of Tunis S. Cordill of St. Joseph, formerly of this city. Another son, Robert Cordill, was Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins' guest last week.

Bride and Groom Go Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Baughman, who were married last Thursday at Green Forrest, Ark., and have been visiting in the city since Monday with the bride's sister, Miss Ella Adams, and brothers, D. and Burt Adams, left Thursday morning for their new home in Seattle, Wash. Quite a number of the members of the Rebekah lodge were at the Burlington train to see the bride off and extend to her their best wishes. They also presented her a beautiful Rebekah pin. Mrs. Eastman was formerly Miss Sadie Adams of this city, and previous to her removal to Arkansas, a little over a year ago, where she was employed on the Green Forest Tribune, she was society reporter for the old Maryville Daily Republican. Mr. Baughman is superintendent of sanitation for the city of Seattle.

Neighbors Picnicked.

A picnic dinner was enjoyed the Fourth on the lawn of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bailey, 501 South Vine street, by a company who have been neighbors for many years. The gathering at this time will in all probability be the last picnic together for a long time, as a number of them will soon leave our city. The company included Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Drew Protzman and children; Mrs. S. R. Rowley and daughter, Miss Sebee Rowley; Miss Ada Albert and Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sage and daughters, Miss Florence and Miss Neva Sage. Mr. Bailey will go on a trip to Florida before long and with Mrs. Bailey may conclude to take up their residence there for a year. Mrs. Rowley will go to St. Louis this fall to make her residence for a year while her daughter, Miss Sebee Rowley, teaches in the school of Webster Groves.

For Arkansas Visitor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crow gave a picnic dinner Wednesday evening at their home, 301 East Sixth street, complimentary to Miss Mabel Allen's guest, Miss Margaret Beattie of Newport, Ark. Their company included Miss Beattie, Miss Allen, Miss Lella Bonewitz, Dr. Frank Wallis, Dr. Harry Stinson and Merrill L. Beattie. The same company formed a picnic party to Bridgewater on Sunday in Miss Beattie's honor.

William Pliss, Maryville, has been appointed by a Kansas City correspondence school as a detective, and has a diploma at the court house, and is prepared to undertake any work any one may have to do in his line. No. 4 is the highest grade given by the school and Mr. Pliss was graded as No. 9. Mr. Pliss has the right under his diploma to take charge of any work that may come up.

Mrs. L. S. Yeo and little sons, Burdette and Loren, left Thursday morning for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Butchart, Sr., of LaCygne, Kan. Mrs. Yeo stopped in St. Joseph for a visit with her brother, George Butchart, Jr., and family.

Miss Emma Lee Taylor will leave Friday morning for Excelsior Springs to join her mother, Mrs. H. K. Taylor and daughter, Miss Hattie Mae, who have been at the Springs the past two weeks. Miss Taylor will be gone two or three weeks.

Miss Ada Clayton returned Thursday from a two days' visit at Burlington Junction with Mrs. Belle Drain.

Miss Ruth O'Malley of Albany is visiting in the city with Miss Marian Sanders.

HAVE JOINED THE BOY SCOUTS

Several more boy organizations, it was announced today, have been amalgamated with the Boy Scouts of America. The members of the National Scouts of America, of which William Verbeck, adjutant general of New York state, and head of St. John's school, is the leader, have been urged to join the Boy Scouts. The members of the Order of the American Boy have been asked by its founder, Griffith Ogden Ellis of Detroit, Mich., to become Boy Scouts.

Since James E. West became executive secretary of the national headquarters of the Boy Scouts of America, work has been vigorously carried on toward the unification of the various Boy Scout organizations in the country. Toward this end, Ernest Thompson Seton, Daniel Carter Beard and other leaders in Boy Scout activities have been working zealously. The opinion is held firmly that greater good will be accomplished in the training of the bodies, minds and characters of the boys of America, by having these different movements a unit. Thus far the work has gone on smoothly.

General Verbeck established the National Scouts of America more than a year ago. He aimed to teach the boys self-reliance, quick wit in any emergency, and unselfishness and patriotism, and in addition develop their bodies. While he did not aim to make the organization strictly military, he arranged that the boys should form companies, with a captain and lieutenant, and that they should have a meeting place which they could call a fort. Companies were formed throughout the country. Then General Verbeck became a member of the national council of the Boy Scouts of America. He saw the good that was being done by the larger organizations, and recently decided it would be much wiser if the National Scouts of America united with the Boy Scouts of America.

The order of the American Boy was formed for "The cultivation of manliness, in muscle, mind and morals." Ellis, the founder, aimed to promote mutual and healthful friendship among the boys; to cultivate physical, mental and moral courage, to inculcate lessons of patriotism, to stimulate boys to worthy endeavor, to discourage idleness and encourage honest sport and honest work. Griffith Ogden Ellis, the organizer, recently was elected a member of the national council of the Boy Scouts of America, and learning of the work which Ernest Thompson-Seton, Daniel Beard and General Sir Robert Baden-Powell have done for the boys, he felt that the boys in his society could be developed better by becoming Boy Scouts.

Miss Eula Blagg, who had been the guest of Miss Gladys Yeaman since Saturday, returned home Wednesday evening.

J. H. Simmons of Stanberry arrived Thursday morning on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. W. A. Holliday, and family on South Market street.

Todays Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—6,500. Market 10c lower; top, $6.75. Estimate tomorrow, 17,000.

Sheep—15,000. Market 10c lower.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—14,000. Market 10c lower.

Hogs—18,000. Market 5c lower; top, $6.52.

Sheep—8,000. Market 10c lower.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—4,000. Market 10c lower.

Hogs—13,000. Market 5c lower; top, $6.52.

Sheep—6,000. 10c lower.

AN APPEAL TO BUSINESS MEN.

It is very unfortunate when a purely business matter gets tangled up with politics, and the taxpayers are always to be felicitated when a question involving a bond issue is submitted as a clear-cut business proposition, divorced from the heat and passion of a political campaign. The special election called August 1st to pass upon the matter of bonding the state for $3,500,000 to rebuild the state capitol, furnish it and purchase additional capitol grounds, is happily one not complicated in any way with politics. It is to be considered purely on its merits. Each voter will decide as a business proposition whether or not the state should have an adequately large, substantial, modern, artistic fireproof capitol in which the business of the state may be transacted. If this question is answered in the affirmative, the only remaining decision point is whether to invest $3,500,000 or $5,000,000 in the enterprise. If the smaller sum will answer the purpose of the state for a century to come, why spend $1,500,000 more in principal with its added $1,500,000 in additional interest? If you believe in divorcing the state's business from politics, you must carry the special election August 1st by a two-thirds majority, because the $5,000,000 issue is to be decided at the general election next year, if the $3,500,000 issue is not authorized at the special election. And that will take the matter into a political campaign and endanger the rebuilding of the new capitol for a decade to come. For this reason the $3,500,000 proposition to be voted upon at the special election August 1st, appeals to the business man. It is a business matter that should be settled in a business way by business men. There are doubtless selfish politicians who want to drag the matter through a half dozen campaigns regardless of the best interest of the state, but the business men of Missouri will see to it on August 1st that this business matter is settled in a business way to the disappointment of the professional agitator.

Fine watch and jewelry repairing at Crane's.

Kansas Stock and Grain Farm for sale.

320 acres, 6 room house, barn, granary, orchard, living water; located 6 miles south of Newton, on the Santa Fe R. R. and 9 miles west of Whitewater on the Rock Island R. R. 160 acres in crop, balance pasture and meadows. Price $62.50 per acre. Terms to suit purchaser. See or write for better description, J. H. Wacker, owner, 501 Southeast Third st., Newton. Kas.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Get your barbering done at

Woodard's

It's the Sanitary Shop and nothing costs over 15 cents.

Beautiful Ferns

"The Peer of All House Plants." We have never offered a nicer assortment of Ferns than we have at present both as to quality and quantity in all sizes and varieties.

ENGELMANN GREENHOUSES.
1201 South Main Street.
Hanamo 171-8, Bell 126.

ELLIOTT NORTHCOTT.

U. S. Minister To Nicaraugua Is Home Bound.

© by Harris & Ewing.

MRS. NORTHCOTT ILL

Our Minister to Nicaragua Bringing His Wife Home.

Panama, July 6.—Elliott Northcott, United States minister to Nicaragua, arrived here en route to the United States. He is going north because of the illness of his wife, who is now convalescent and accompanies him. They sailed on a German steamer for New York.

POWDER MAGAZINES WRECKED MAINE

Bixby Says Destruction Not Caused From Without.

Washington, July 6.—The loss of the battleship Maine was caused by the explosion of its three magazines. No such effect as that produced upon the vessel could have been caused by an explosion from without. Such is the opinion of General William S. Bixby, chief of engineers, U. S. A., who has returned from a personal inspection of the work of raising the Maine.

General Bixby said that a portion of the deck over the magazines was blown upward and laid backward and there were numerous conditions of the bulk which proved this. No explosion from the outside, said the general, could have caused the same result.

"What the primary cause of the explosion was," said General Bixby, "will never be learned."

General Bixby does not believe the bodies of those who lost they lives will be found on the Maine. He says they are buried 200 feet or more from the wreck in the mud.

NEW IDEA MONOPLANE FAILS

Proves to Be Unruly and Is Wrecked in Maiden Flight.

New York, July 6.—In its maiden flight a $10,000 new idea monoplane, equipped with twin revolving motors and twin propellers, was wrecked beyond repair at the Mineola aviation field and its pilot, Arthur Stone, was stunned and badly cut, but escaped miraculously with his life.

The monoplane was designed by Willis McCormick. It showed plenty of speed, but proved unruly at the turns and the stiff wind blowing finally upset it. Straight for the earth it plunged from a height of fifty feet with full power on. Stone was picked up breathing and rushed to the nearest hospital.

Performs Operation on Sleeping Hubby

Aberdeen, S. D., July 6.—John Carroll, a fireman on the Milwaukee railway, running west from Mobridge, S. D., and residing at that place, is in an Aberdeen hospital and may die, as the result of an attack upon him by his wife, who is alleged to have chloroformed him as he slept by her side at night, and then emasculated him. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the deed. Mrs. Carroll is in jail at Mobridge. Public sentiment there is bitter against her. Carroll is twenty-five, his wife is forty.

Pope Applauds Peace Work.

Washington, July 6.—Pope Pius X., in an autograph letter received by the apostolic delegate to Washington, applauds the lead taken by the United States in the world-wide campaign for international peace. It is expected that the president, because of his well known peace views, will reply to the cordial sentiments of the ruler of the church.

Nebraskan Drowned in an Iowa River.

Sioux City, Ia., July 6.—George Manscher, aged nineteen years, of Walthill, Neb., was drowned while swimming in the Sioux river at Riverside park here. Manscher went into the water against the advice of physicians. Over-exertion was responsible for his death.

WILL NOT URGE RECIPROCITY VOTE

Conference of Senate Leaders Decides Not to Press Bill.

TIME TO SPEAK IS GIVEN.

Cummins Criticises President for His Recent Indiana Speeches—Burton of Ohio Takes Strong Position in Favor of Reciprocity.

Washington, July 6.—At a conference of senators participated in by Senators Penrose and Smoot (Reps.) and Martin and Stone (Dems.) it was decided not to press daily for the fixing of a date to vote on the reciprocity bill so long as there are senators prepared to speak.

It was determined, however, to endeavor to fix the hour of convening daily at 11 a. m., instead of noon.

Senator Stone (Dem., Mo.) urged Chairman Penrose again to ask for a definite date for the vote. The conference followed and Senator Penrose announced the change of plans.

Cummins Criticises President.

President Taft's pro-reciprocity speeches in Indiana were sharply criticised in the senate by Senator Cummins.

"When the president abandons the duties of his office and enters upon a campaign to mould or lead public opinion on this reciprocity bill," said Cummins, "then he is on the same level as any other man and cannot be exempt from the criticism of the arguments he uses."

Senator Cummins attacked the president's statement that removal of the duty on farm products would not reduce the cost of living. He said the president was thus inconsistent in urging that the Canadian agreement will benefit consumers.

Disclaiming, however, any intention of criticising the president personally, Cummins said:

"It is vastly better for him to go through the country trying to lead and influence public opinion than it would be for him to use the power of his great office to carry this bill through congress."

He declared that if the President's speech was to be taken as the explanation of the purposes of the Canadian bill, congress had better adjourn.

"I believe this special session of 1911 will be known in history as the session that more firmly fastened on the people and the country the burdens of special tariff privileges."

Burton Speaks for Bill.

Senator Burton (O.), with a prefatory explanation that he was not assuming to defend the administration, because "the administration needs no defense," made a notable speech in behalf of the Canadian reciprocity bill in the senate. He declared that reciprocity was the "ultimate destiny" of Canada and the United States; that all natural conditions were opposed to the maintenance of border warfare in commercial matters, and that the farmers of the United States would not suffer injury from the enactment of the Canadian agreement.

Senator Burton was most emphatic in his indorsement of the agreement. He declared reciprocity would not injure the farmer's interests.

DISCUSS ACTION OF KAISFR

France, England and Russia Trying to Fathom Germany's Motives.

Paris, July 6.—Conversations are still going on between France, England and Russia relative to France's response to the intervention of Germany in Morocco. Should a reply be forwarded it probably would not be before Saturday, when President Fallieres and Foreign Minister De Selves are to return from their visit to Holland.

A majority of the press print daily the question, "What does Germany want?"

Some newspapers, like the Figaro, criticise the French government for a lack of decision in defending the interest of France and accuse the cabinet of leaning too heavily on the initiative in England.

Direct Elections Sent to Conference.

Washington, July 6.—The house sent to conference the resolution providing for the direct election of United States senators. The speaker named Representatives Rucker of Missouri, Conry of New York and Olmsted of Pennsylvania as house conferees. The senate conferees are Clark of Wyoming, Nelson of Minnesota and Bacon of Georgia. They will meet soon.

Henry Denounces Dollar Diplomacy.

Washington, July 6.—Lavish display of American diplomats in foreign courts was described as abasing the dignity of this republic; "dollar diplomacy" was denounced as a dangerous thing, and American heiresses who have made international alliances were assailed in a speech in the house by Representative Henry of Texas.

Four Killed in Collision.

Superior, Wis., July 6.—Four men were killed and three seriously injured in a collision between an extra and a gravel train on the Soo line a few miles from this city. The dead and injured are all railroad men. The trains met on a bridge over the Nemadji river. The bridge caught fire after the collision.

YOUR POCKETBOOK IS YOUR WIFE'S, TOO

(Marguerite Mooers Marshall in the New York World.)

What is a wife's just share of the family income?

Is a wife's empty pocketbook a factor in the divorce problem?

The questions are asked by Mrs. Ella W. Peattie in a discussion of "Your Wife's Pocketbook," in a current periodical. Mrs. Rheta Childe Dorr, sociologist; Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, lawyer, and Mrs. Wilson Woodrow, writer, have answered Mrs. Peattie's questions in their several ways.

The opinion of Dr. Eugenia Hancock, a practicing physician, whose marriage to another member of her profession did not stop her own work, follows:

"A great many wives do not receive a just share of their husband's income, but they get too much instead of too little," said Dr. Hancock. "There are more spendthrift wives in America than there are stingy husbands.

"If a husband does not give his wife enough money it is very apt to be her own fault. She has probably shown she does not know how to handle it. I have nothing but pity for so many American husbands, who work and worry day and night, to provide their wives with luxuries and then are continually being nagged for more money.

"One trouble is that so many women have no business training before they marry. I don't believe that any young girl, or indeed any woman, should work outside her home unless she is compelled to do so. I know that is directly against the spirit of the age, but I speak from the coldly disillusioned viewpoint of the physician. I have seen too many cases of broken down women, even of worn out young girls, to subscribe to the popular fallacy that a woman is as much a part of the business world as a man.

"But I do think that every woman, whether she is rich or poor, should be taught the proper handling of money. From her little girl days she should have an allowance and learn how to spend it judiciously. She should not feel, either, that if she wastes it there is plenty more coming to her. She should learn by personal discomfort and deprivation, if necessary, not to squander her funds. And if she learns with cents she will have no trouble with dollars later on.

"Then, when she marries, she may be trusted with a pocketbook that is not empty. And there's little fear but that, if she deserves it, her husband will give it to her. Our American men are as notoriously generous as our American women are quick to take advantage of their generosity.

"It seems to me that it would not be fair to stipulate, in every instance, that the husband should give his wife so much every week for her own personal wants. Many men could not afford to do this, just as they could not afford to take a fixed and definite weekly sum for themselves. One week the rent must be paid, another week the grocery bill, and all the members of the family must accommodate themselves to the fact.

"But with the one purse in common, and a proper spirit in both husband and wife, there can be no difficulty. Out of this single fund the home expenses will be paid and what is left will naturally be divided. There must be a certain amount of accommodation and unselfishness on both sides; for instance, the right sort of wife doesn't insist on a new hat when her husband is still wearing his last year's overcoat, though I've observed that little piece of inconsiderateness in a number of cases.

"I know of one case where the husband literally halved his income for his wife. He gave her every other month's salary. With her money she also bought things for the home, as he did with his, but she never had to answer any questions as to how she spent it. I remember one day I heard him ask her, carelessly, how much she had paid for a pair of gloves she was wearing. 'It's no affair of yours, Albert, dear,' she responded cheerfully. 'I bought them with my money.' Obviously she never felt the humiliation of the begging attitude.

"The arrangement worked beautifully in that particular case, and the two were devoted to each other. But, generally speaking, I don't believe in a formal division. It emphasizes separateness, and most married people aren't enough together nowadays."

SAVE A MILLION AND A HALF DOLLARS.

It is with much gratification that the Democrat notes that practically every newspaper in the state favors this proposition and as far as we are able to learn there is almost no opposition from any source. This is as it should be and is an exceedingly wise policy upon the part of the citizens and voters of the state. The quicker the matter is settled and out of the way the better will it be for the progress and prosperity of the state. It appears to be a sufficient amount to build a creditable capitol building for the state and will probably be more economically and honestly spent for the purpose intended than a much larger amount. If this proposition does not carry an election will be held in 1912 asking for five million dollars for the same purpose. It requires less votes to carry the five million proposition than it does the three and one-half million, and therefore it would appear a good opportunity to save one and one-half million dollars, besides the great worth to the state in having the question settled and the agitation stopped, thus allowing the state to go forward unitedly with other projects that go to the development of this wonderful commonwealth. This is one proposition that we hope to see the voters unanimous upon. There is neither politics nor religion in it and we should therefore take it up as loyal and patriotic citizens of the state and go to the polls on August first and vote for the three and one-half millions bond proposition.—Moberly Democrat.

RAILROADS OBEY NEW LAW.

Burlington to Install Sanitary Drinking Cups Throughout System.

Chicago, Ill., July 6.—Railroads throughout the country are speedily complying with the new sanitary regulations made compulsory by a number of the legislatures. The former practice on the part of the big corporations to oppose legislative action by injunction has been abandoned with general alacrity to conform with public opinion.

The Burlington system has taken the lead in the installation of individual drinking cups on all its lines north and west. Though the new law affects the Burlington only in Illinois and Kansas, the officials decided to supply all its patrons in every state with the new individual cups.

Special automatic devices have been installed so that every car will be furnished with an apparatus to supply travelers with the individual cups. The individual paper drinking cup is made of pure cellulose. It folds flat and can be carried in pocket, purse or satchel.

P. S. Eustis, passenger traffic manager of the Burlington system, has personally directed the installation of the automatic devices. He said: "For some time Wisconsin has had the ban on the so-called 'death cup,' it being customary on trains running through the state of Wisconsin to have the porter remove the drinking cups at the northern or southern boundary of the state and replace them after the train had traversed the other boundary line.

"The Burlington system, seeing the wisdom of such a measure, determined not only to comply with the law with reference to these individual states, but to extend its application everywhere on the system. The individual drinking cup with the proper safeguards is being installed in all Burlington stations as well."

WHO SHOULD VOTE "YES."

These should go to the polls on August 1 and work and vote for the new capitol proposition:

All who favor the present permanent seat of government, magnificent in its scenic beauty, splendid in its historical setting, and sacred in its traditions and reminiscences.

All who oppose opening the question of capitol removal, frittering away the time and money and patience of the people in schemes that can never receive the approval of the voters.

All who favor rebuilding the capitol now and not dragging the matter over the tortuous routes of controversy for a dozen years.

All who believe that 3½ million dollars will rebuild an adequate, fire-proof capitol.

All who favor saving $1,500,000 in principal and $1,500,000 in interest—the additional amount the five million dollar proposition will cost.

All who would have Missouri receive the benefit of the advertisement of progress and enterprise that the prompt rebuilding of the capitol would bring.

All who are patriotic enough to take pride in a splendid new state house, built of Missouri stone and material produced by Missourians.

All who love the grand old state and would not see her lag behind her sister states in the matter of civic improvement.

All who think we need a capitol building at all and are big enough and generous enough to be willing to pay the pittance required to build it.

Alphabetical Time.

A Chicago firm finding that there were twelve letters in their name erected a clock over their door with letters instead of numerals. One day a passerby gazed at the dial, deeply puzzled.

"Say, fellers," he said, poking his head in at the door, "is it half-past Morgan or a quarter to Walter?—Success Magazine.

Turning Night Into Day.

When the doors opened in the little Indiana theater a farmer wandered in and looked around.

"Ticket, please," said the doorkeeper.

"The only thing I've got agin these here op'rys," said the Hoosier as he walked away, "is that they don't begin till bedtime."—Success Magazine.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

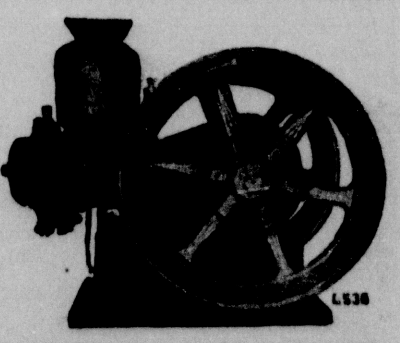
Headquarters for

Olds Gas Engine

You are urged to investigate the merits of the Old Gas Engine.

We have them from 1½ to 600 horse power and can be used to advantage in almost any kind of work, filling silos, for the cream separator, sheller or grinder, or wood saw. W put a guarantee on every engine that goes out of our place. We solicit your patronage.

Wm. Armstrong



DRINK Gay-Ola IT'S BETTER

In Bottles, 5c For sale by all first class fountains, bars and restaurants. Order a case for your home. They all like it.

The Banner Bottling Works, Mfrs

Bell and Hanamo phones. Our Goods:—Seldom Equalled, Never Excelled.

MARYVILLE CHAUTAUQUA

Normal Park, August 12 to 20, 1911. Bigger and better than ever.

The book

that helps you to succeed

YOU do not need to be a scholar to get the greatest use from this book. Many an uneducated person is now enjoying all the best the world can give with its help.

A bank book will start you on the road to success.
Come into this bank today and let us give you one.

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

CAPITAL - - - - - $100,000.00
SURPLUS - - - - - $22,000.00

Economy.

It was at a reception and the lady, who had been reading up on health culture, mistook Lawyer Williams for his brother, the doctor.

"Is it better," she asked confidentially, "to lie on the right side or the left?"

"Madame," replied the lawyer, "if one is on the right side it often isn't necessary to lie at all."—Success Magazine.

Mrs. A. H. Hart, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Berney Harris the past two weeks, left Thursday morning for her home in Chicago. Mrs. Hart is a sister of Mr. Harris.

Fred Newlon and Dr. Dowell of Clearmont were city visitors Thursday.

On Visit to Daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Crane left Thursday morning for a several weeks' stay at Riverton, Neb., with their daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Rasmussen. Mrs. Crane will not return before September.

R. B. Gex and son of near Graham were city visitors Thursday.

Mrs. S. J. Yeomans of East Edward street spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Hopkins, the guest of Mrs. Mary Martin and Mrs. Mary Donlin.

Miss Fern Willey, who has been visiting her sisters, Mrs. Ray Brown of this city, and Mrs. L. H. Hammond, living seven miles west of the city, returned to her home in Cromwell, Ia.

Kane's Place

Liquors,

Wines,

Cigars

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

Waukesha

"Club House"

The Beer of Quality

ADOLPH LIPPMAN
DISTRIBUTOR

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

511 LIVES TOLL OF HEAT WAVE

Four Hundred and Thirty-one Die From High Temperature.

EIGHTY OTHERS ARE DROWNED

Thousands Suffered Prostration in Cities—Torrid Period Will Be Memorable in Weather Annals for Wide Extent and Long Duration.

Washington, July 6.—The loss of more than 500 lives is to be credited to the great heat wave of July 1 to 5, 1911.

The torrid period will be memorable in weather annals for its wide extent, its long duration, its record breaking temperatures in many places, and the long list of fatalities which it has caused.

The hundreds of news dispatches which cities from the north Atlantic seaboard west to the plains states have exchanged in the last four days account, according to a careful review, for the deaths of 431 persons from the heat and eighty from drowning—a total of 511.

Incomplete as the record is from the failure of many points to report specifically the number of such deaths, it is as serious a showing as is remembered for many years, if not a record.

The number of prostrations is still more difficult to compute, but from the review of the dispatches it appears that thousands have been overcome by the heat in the great cities.

Additional Fatalities.

Although many parts of the country reported cessation of the heat wave the relief did not come quickly enough to prevent several additional fatalities over the country.

New York heads the list of deaths from the heat, thirty-six having died there, while for the territory tributary to New York city the figure was doubled.

More than forty deaths were reported in New England, and the prostrations ran into the hundreds. Half a dozen drownings also were reported. Five deaths and thirty-four prostrations were the result of the extreme temperature at New Haven.

The coroner's office at Philadelphia received reports of twenty-nine fatalities from the heat, making a total of fifty-one since the hot wave began. Deaths from the same source were also reported from many parts of the state. Two cases were reported from Scranton and there were also cases in Wilkesbarre, Hazelton, Lancaster, Shenandoah, Shamokin and York.

Two lives and seven protrations was the toll of the heat in Toledo, O. Twe died in Columbus, there were several prostrations, and one person was driven insane. There were two deaths and fifteen prostrations reported in Cincinnati. The deaths of eleven babies in Cleveland are attributed to the heat, and several prostrations are reported. Three deaths and twenty-three prostrations were recorded at Baltimore, Md.

Chicago is a close second to New York in total deaths, thirty-two having been killed there during the day, including twelve babies. Dozens were prostrated. Two suicides were among the deaths. The coroner's office is swamped. Four deaths and twelve prostrations were reported at Peoria.

One person was killed by the heat at Detroit, Mich., and there were twelve prostrations. A member of the crew of a steamer, crazed by the heat, jumped overboard and was drowned.

MARIA PIA IS DEAD

Dowager Queen of Portugal Passes Away at Turin, Italy.

Turin, Italy, July 6.—Maria Pia, queen dowager of Portugal, died at the royal chateau at Stupinigi. She suffered from uremia.

Maria Pia was a daughter of Victor Emmanuel II., king of Italy, and was born Oct. 16, 1847. In 1862 she married King Louis I of Portugal, who died in 1889. Recently she had been living in Italy with her sister, Princess Clothilde, widow of Prince Napoleon. The death of the princess several days ago left the sister prostrated and she had been reported as seriously ill.

The queen dowager passed through many misfortunes. Her brother, King Humbert of Italy, her son, King Carlos, and her grandson, the Portuguese crown prince, were assassinated, and her other grandson, King Manuel, was deposed from the Portuguese throne.

PACKERS PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Indicted Men Appear in Chicago Court Through Counsel and Trial Set.

Chicago, July 6.—Through counsel the packers indicted for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law pleaded not guilty. Their trial is set for Nov. 20. The proceedings occupied but five minutes.

New York, July 6.—Eighteen members of the Eastern Boxboard club, indicted by the federal grand jury on charges of conspiracy and combination in restraint of the paper board trade, entered pleas of not guilty.

Forming Union of 3,000,000 Hoboes.

New York, July 6.—Andrew Furuseth, president of the International Seamen's union, is organizing 3,000,000 hoboes, who turn their hands to whatever offers. Unorganized, they are paid extremely low wages.

CORN MARKETS ARE EXCITED

Prices Jump Four and Three Fourth Cents in Chicago.

WILD SCENES IN KANSAS CITY

Prices Advance Five Cents in First Ten Minutes Because of Reports of Damage to Crop by the Heat—Implement Dealers Cancel Orders.

Chicago, July 6.—Continuance of withering heat over the corn belt was reflected in an excited corn market here, the market selling early to an extreme advance of 4¾ cents.

Buying orders flooded the pit, and quotations varied as much as 2½ cents in different parts of the opening. Oats shared in the excitement, advancing an extreme 2¼ cents.

A private telegram from Kansas City says: "No precedent to go by, as there have been no records like these. Temperatures in the fields were 106 to 115 degrees."

Private advices from all over the corn belt tell the same story. Oklahome burned to a crisp; Kansas scorched from one end to the other.

It is reported that implement dealers have cancelled many orders.

The best known of the crop experts here reports that the condition of oats and hay is the poorest ever known. He places the July condition of oats at 67.2, as compared with 88.3 last month, and that of hay at 66.4, against 80.2 in June. His report puts the present condition of corn at 82.4, as compared with 83.1 a year ago.

Wild Scenes in Kansas City.

Kansas City, July 6.—Amid the wildest scenes enacted on the Kansas City board of trade for years, the corn market gained from 3½ to 5 cents in price in the first ten minutes of trading. During that time approximately 1,000,000 bushels had been traded in. Traders fought each other to secure the grain.

TROLLEY HITS AUTO; KILLS 3

Bushes Obscure Crossing and Motorman Is Unable to Warn.

Warwick, R. I., July 6.—Gustav Menzi of Riverside drove his automobile directly in front of a trolley car and three are dead and Menzi and a fifth are badly injured. The dead and injured were occupants of the automobile.

The dead are: Mrs. Eva Hartley and daughter and Miss Ella M. Bidwell.

The accident occurred at a point where dense bushes grow on both sides of a crossing of a private highway and the trolley tracks. The motorman said he saw nothing of the automobile until it was squarely on the tracks.

Automobile Turns Turtle.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 6.—Thomas and John Roderick, Dennis O'Connor and John Swearinger of Perrin, Mo., were injured when their automobile skidded and turned turtle at Saxton, this county. They were brought to a hospital here. O'Connor had a broken leg and the other men are injured internally. All are farmers.

Atwood Flies 285 Miles.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 6.—Aviator H. N. Atwood flew from New York to Atlantic City, 285 air miles, while the actual distance is but 106 miles, in five hours and twenty minutes. He did not proceed to Washington, as he had intended.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Closing Quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, July 5.—Closing prices: Wheat—July, 89⅞c; Sept., 91⅞@91½c.
Corn—July, 64¾c; Sept., 66¾c.
Oats—July, 45½c; Sept., 46⅝c.
Pork—July, $15.60; Sept., $15.87½.
Lard—July, $8.30; Sept., $8.42½.
Ribs—July, $8.45; Sept., $8.57½.
Chicago Cash Prices—No. 2 hard wheat, 88½@93c; No. 2 corn, 62¾@63¼c; No. 2 oats, 44¼@44½c.

South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,200; 10@15c lower; beef steers, $5.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.60@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.70; bulls, $3.00@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.75. Hogs—Receipts, 8,100; 15c lower; heavy animals dropped to $6.25 and less, while $6.30@6.35 bought a large share of the butcher offerings; best light hogs moved at $6.45. Sheep—Receipts, 2,400; shade lower; spring lambs, taken from ewes fed in Nebraska and Iowa feed lots, ranged from $7.00 to $7.35, this spread involving good to choice quality; fed lambs, shorn, sold at and near $6.35; fed ewes, also minus fleece, reached $4.15@4.25.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; steady; beeves, $4.90@6.85; western steers, $4.75@5.90; stockers and feeders, $3.35@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.35@5.90; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Receipts, 27,000; 5@10c lower; light, $6.35@6.85; mixed, $6.35@6.85; heavy, $6.30@6.80; rough, $6.35@6.45; pigs, $6.00@6.60; bulk, $6.55@6.95. Sheep—Receipts, 25,000; 5@10c lower; natives, $2.60@4.05; westerns, $3.00@4.65; yearlings, $4.40@5.30; lambs, $4.25@7.40.

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

PASTURE TO RENT—200 acres two miles west of Maryville. Clover, timothy and blue grass mixed. Has had no stock on it this spring. Fenced in four fields. Running water and three wells and windmills at one. Will rent the whole tract or separate fields, 40, 75, 70 and 15 acres in fields. Call or telephone quick for first choice. Also 160 acres clover and timothy, seven miles north of Maryville, to rent for hay or pasture. See us quick. Will not hold long. The Sisson Loan and Title Co. 10-tf

FOR SALE—Nice 9-room dwelling, close in, three lots, paved streets, for only $3,000.

$1,000 to loan on farm.

R. L. McDOUGAL,
Abstracts of Title, Ins. and Loans.

PIANO BARGAIN—We have a practically new piano procured from the Maryville Publishing company, taken in part settlement for another instrument. In order to save further expense we will sell very cheap for cash or payments as low as $6.00 per month. For particulars write Olney Music Co., St. Joseph, Mo. 28-d&w-tf

To loan—$2,000 on country real estate.

Have a call for good $400 loan on city residence property.

CHARLES E. STILWELL,
Office over Maryville Nat'l Bank, Maryville, Mo. Hanamo phones, office 299, residence 243.

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office, only 10 cents each.

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms at 508 South Main St.

WANTED—Situation. Any kind of work, by woman. Phone Bell 129. 6-8

FOR RENT—After July 1st, good store building, South Main street. See J. F. Roelofson. 3-tf

FOUND—July 4th, at Normal park, lady's purse. Owner may have same by inquiring of U. S. Wright and paying for this notice. 5-7

FOR RENT—5-room house. Modern. See George Pat Wright. 9-tf

WANTE—Dining room girl. Good wages. The Linville. tf.

FOR SALE—Large fireproof safe, cheap. Charles Hyslop. 10-tf

One Minute and Wizard Washing Machines, the up-to-date labor savers.

BAKER & HILL,
West Side Hardware.

Returned to St. Joseph.

Misses Helen and Lillian Strop returned to their home in St. Joseph Thursday afternoon, after a few weeks' visit in Maryville with Miss Ruth Montgomery and Miss Lucile Holmes.

Henry Ingle, Jesse Robertson, R. R. Staples, Dr. Gaugh of Burlington Junction and Joseph Maltby of Long Beach, Cal., were in the city Thursday.

Mrs. W. S. Nicholson and Mrs. J. A. Winterhalter of Hopkins were Maryville visitors Thursday.

DON'T PULL OUT THE GRAY HAIRS

A Few Applications of a Simple Remedy Will Bring Back the Natural Color.

"Pull out one gray hair and a dozen will take its place" is an old saying, which is, to a great extent, true, if no steps are taken to stop the cause. When gray hairs appear it is a sign that Nature needs assistance. It is Nature's call for help. Gray hair, dull, lifeless hair, or hair that is falling out, is not necessarily a sign of advancing age, for there are thousands of elderly people with perfect heads of hair without a single streak of gray.

When gray hairs come, or when the hair seems to be lifeless or dead, some good, reliable hair-restoring treatment should be resorted to at once. Specialists say that one of the best preparations to use is the old-fashioned "sage tea" which our grandparents used. The best preparation of this kind is Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, a preparation of domestic sage and sulphur, scientifically compounded with later discovered hair tonics and stimulants, the whole mixture being carefully balanced and tested by experts.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur is clean and wholesome and perfectly harmless. It refreshes dry, parched hair, removes dandruff and gradually restores faded or gray hair to its natural color.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agent, Koch Pharmacy.

The Best Advice on Lumber Costs the Least Money

and when we say to prospective homebuilders that "now's the time to build" we are offering you really sound advice. No matter what you have heard about cheaper lumber, take it from us that you're on the safe side if you build right now. We haven't been in the lumber business for 6 years for nothing—we know a thing or two and we're willing to admit you do too, but in the face of all this talk nowadays about timber conservation we believe you'll agree that lumber has a fixed value and that by delaying the building of your new home you will gain nothing but inconvenience.

We believe we can convince you the above is good advice—let's talk it over,

E. C. Phares Lumber Company
East Side Square

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. R. Martin's Law Office.
I have opened a law office in the J. B. Robinson building, first stairway north of the Nodaway Valley bank, where I can be found Saturday of each week. Will come any time by appointment. B. R. MARTIN,
Maryville, Mo.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.,
SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over First National Bank.
Calls answered promptly day or night. All phones.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.
Specialist.
Practice limited to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All 'phones. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

THE "UNIQUE"
First class clothes cleaning and repairing shop. Phones, Hanamo 402, 115½ South Main.
H. J. BECKER, Proprietor.

DR. G. H. LEACH,
Deputy State Veterinarian and Stock Inspector.
Office, Star Barn. All phones.

CLINE & MORGAN,
Graduate and Registered
VETERINARY SURGEONS AND DENTISTS.
Office at Gray's feed barn. Phones Hanamo 93, Farmers 162.

BUSINESS CARDS

I. J. WALKER
Electrical Wiring, Fixtures. Supplies
Bell phone 91 120½ West 3rd st.

FRANK MARTIN & SON,
PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Solicit Your Business.
All phones. Maryville, Mo.

J. L. FISHER
Repairing Guns, Bicycles, Gas Engines and Automobiles.
Robey's Garage, 115 West Fourth St.

F. S. GRUNDY,
PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Never Sleep.
Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

Van Steenbergh & Son
Dry Cleaning, Pressing
Phone Hanamo 279

AMERICAN FENCE
Campbell & Clark

DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

(Successor to the Maryville Republican)

VOLUME 2. MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1911. NO. 28.

WON SLUGGING BEE

COMETS HAD ALL THE BEST OF WEDNESDAY'S SWATFEST.

AUBURN LOST 8 TO 2

Shenandoah Won Last Game of the Series from Clarinda—Notes of the Game.

Mink League Standing.

	Won.	Lost	Pr.ct.
Falls City	23	19	.548
Auburn	23	20	.535
Shenandoah	23	20	.535
Maryville	21	22	.488
Clarinda	20	23	.465
Nebraska City	19	23	.452

Yesterday's Results.

Maryville 8, Falls City 3.
Nebraska City 8, Auburn 2.
Shenandoah 6, Clarinda 5.

Where They Play Today.

Maryville at Falls City.
Clarinda at Auburn.
Shenandoah at Nebraska City.

In another slugging bee the Comets took Wednesday's game from Falls City 8 to 3. The local stickers smashed out fourteen hits off Justus, one of them being a homer, and seven two-baggers. Oswalt was stung seven times by the Forresters, McCabe's home run being the only long hit.

The Comets got most of their scores in pairs, and took the first brace right off the reel. With two down, Wintz lost the ball in the left field weeds and went around the circuit. Cook singled and started his great base running with the first of three steals. Walsh pounded a double into center, bringing Cook across, and was thrown out himself trying to make home on DeCamp's single.

Falls City started in with a rush to even things up in the second. Drumm singled and McCabe stuck the ball in the ditch on the division line of center and right, racing home for the knot. Forrester fanned and Fraser caught the ball on the tender side of his elbow, but was caught between second and third a moment later. Jutsus was thrown out from Walsh to Bacom.

The locals bagged another brace of counters in the third. McNeil caught Sackett's foul, and Griffin stuck at first when Forrester picked up his grounder, trotted toward the bag, dropped the ball and lost it between his feet. Wintz singled and Cook brought in both runs when his hot one got tangled up with McNeil. Walsh sacrificed and DeCamp was thrown out at first.

Scoring stopped for an inning and a half, when one more was put over by the locals. Griff pounded out a two-bagger, but could not advance on Wintz's short fly to Steno. Cook's grounder caught Griff on second for the second out, but Cook pilfered again and scored on Walsh's two-bagger. DeCamp brought the finish with a throw from Tappan to Forrester. Another inning and a half passed by and the Comets took their third brace. With Griffin out from Justus to Forrester, Wintz singled to left and stole second. Cook took a walk and Walsh hit to left, good for two bases. A neat double on DeCamp's fly to center from Drumm to Tappan ended the chapter.

The eighth gave each team a score. Bacom failed to handle Steno's grounder in time, Tappan skied to Sackett, and Steno was forced at second on McCabe's grounder.

Singles by Trainor and Drumm scored McNeil, and the third out was forced at second by McCabe's grounder.

In the local half Bacom started with a fly to Steno. Black poled a two-bagger into right and scored on Oswalt's single. Sackett and Griff fanned.

The Forresters took their last time at bat, but failed to connect.

FALLS CITY.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E
Steno, lf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Tappan, ss	4	0	0	2	1	0
McNeil, 3b	4	1	0	1	0	0
Trainor, 2b	3	0	1	2	2	0
Drumm, cf	4	1	2	3	1	0
McCabe, rf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Forrester, 1b	4	0	0	7	2	1
Fraser, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Justus, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	32	3	7	24	9	1

MARYVILLE.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E
Sackett, ss	5	0	0	5	2	0
Griffin, cf	5	1	1	2	0	0
Wintz, 3b	4	3	3	1	0	0
Cook, rf	3	3	2	2	0	0
Walsh, 2b	4	0	3	5	1	2
DeCamp, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bacom, 1b	4	0	1	4	1	0
Black, c	3	1	2	7	2	0
Oswalt, p	4	0	1	0	4	0
Totals	36	8	14	27	10	2

Score by innings:
Falls City .....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
Maryville .....2 0 2 0 1 0 2 1 *—8

Summary—Home runs, Wintz, McCabe. Two-base hits, Oswalt, Griffin, Black 2, Walsh 2, Wintz. Sacrifice hits, Black. Stolen bases, Cook 3, Wintz. Struck out, by Oswalt 4, by Justus 3. Bases on balls, off Oswalt 3, off Justus 1. Left on bases, Falls City 7, Maryville 7. Double plays, Drumm to Tappan. Hit by pitcher, Trainor, Fraser. Time, 1:55. Umpire, Sage.

Notes.

Black found a groove right over the initial sack, where he laid down two of the prettiest hits one could imagine, and each of them counted for two bases. And his catching was up to parr, too. The Forresters evidently thought that with "Danny" on the bench they could steal whenever they wanted to, but their efforts were miserable failures.

Some more sensational catches were furnished with Wednesday's game. In the fifth Griffin and DeCamp were racing after Forrester's long fly, and just as Griff put his fingers on the ball he collided with Gus. They both went up in the air, whirled around a few times and landed in each other's fields, but Griff still had the pill. Drumm made a great catch of Sackett's first fly, which looked good for all the way around, and Trainor came in with his usual stab of a liner through second.

Here's to the Falls City boys. After each defeat they entertained the home going crowds with cheerful faces and lusty singing.

Williford Pitched Well.

Auburn, Neb., July 5.—Williford held Auburn safe and without a run today until the ninth inning. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Auburn 000000002	2	5	2
Nebraska City..003002300	8	12	4

Batteries—Zanderman and Musser; Williford and Pinkerton. Umpires—Bradley and Kratsberg.

Shenandoah Wins Last of Series.

Shenandoah, Ia., July 5.—Shenandoah took the fourth game of the series today from Clarinda. Score:

Shenandoah ....20201010*—6	7	3	
Clarinda .....00030020 0—5	10	4	

Batteries—Duran and Castle; Walters and Harmony. Umpire—Kissane.

FIRST MARRIAGE LICENSE IN 8 DAYS

The first marriage license issued in the last eight days was granted Wednesday evening by Recorder Wray to Alva A. Dalton of Bedford and Miss Della G. Thompson of Hopkins. The couple were married by Rev. Harrell at 4:30 o'clock Wednesday at his home in this city. Mr. Dalton is a photographer at Bedford. Miss Thompson is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Thompson of near Hopkins.

BARN CAUGHT AFIRE FROM FIRECRACKERS

The barn of L. C. Curran, who lives near Clearmont, was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon, the fire starting from firecrackers. Mr. Curran and wife had gone to town and had left their grandchildren playing with firecrackers.

Mrs. J. L. Tilson went to St. Joseph Wednesday evening for a two days' visit with her sister, Mrs. W. A. Jewell.

Latest Post Cards, 1 cent each, at Crane's.

MOVED

to our new location and better able to supply your wants in all lines we carry.

Hotchkin's Variety Store

106 South Main St.

BAKER PRESIDENT

OF REAL ESTATE BANK TO SUCCEED LATE E. J. WILLIAMS.

E. E. WILLIAMS CASHIER

The Two New Officers Are Able Bankers and Men of Good Sound Judgment, Experienced in Banking.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Real Estate bank was held last Saturday and George B. Baker was elected president to succeed the late E. J. Williams, who died June 26, and Edward E. Williams, a son of the late president, was elected cashier to succeed Mr. Baker.

The Real Estate bank was organized September 7, 1896, by George S. Baker and his son, George B. Baker. In 1904, George S. Baker retired from the active management of the bank and E. J. Williams succeeded to the presidency of that banking institution, holding that position at the time of his death. The bank growth has been steady, and during the last year or so it has made wonderful progress. It is one of the strongest banks in the city and the future holds much in store for its welfare under the management of two such able young men as George B. Baker and E. E. Williams.

George B. Baker early in youth turned his attention to banking. He began as bookkeeper in the Maryville National bank, where he remained until 1896, familiarizing himself with general banking business. In that year he became cashier of the Real Estate bank and has ever since held that position until he was elected to the presidency. Mr. Baker is a good banker and also a good business man, with good judgment, making few mistakes in his calculations and transactions.

Mr. Baker's father, George S. Baker, organized the first bank in Nodaway county in 1868, the firm being George S. Baker & Co., bankers, now the Nodaway Valley bank. October 26, 1874, he organized another bank, known as Baker, Saunders & Co., now the Maryville National bank. In September, 1896, Mr. Baker organized the Real Estate bank.

Edward E. Williams, who was elected cashier, has had considerable experience in the banking business in the few years he has worked in the Real Estate bank. He is a graduate of the Maryville high school and also of the law department of the state university. He is a member of the Nodaway county bar, and was one of the leading attorneys for Hez Rasco in the murder trial in February. He is a young man of good judgment, and he understands all the workings of the banking system, and being a young man of unquestioned integrity, courteous and considerate to all, he has both the confidence and good will of the people. His father was an able banker, and the son promises to be as good.

Both Mr. Baker and Mr. Williams were born and reared in Maryville. They have a large acquaintance over the county who wish them success.

Miss Bess Green of St. Joseph spent the Fourth and Wednesday in Maryville with her sister, Miss Etta Green, a State Normal student.

Miss Martha Denny went to St. Joseph Wednesday evening to visit her sister, Mrs. Donald Cady.

Latest stationery for correspondence at Crane's.

NEWLY ELECTED PRESIDENT AND CASHIER OF REAL ESTATE BANK

GEORGE B. BAKER.

EDWARD E. WILLIAMS.

TELLS OF EARLY DAYS

THE BUILDINGS BUILT BY "UNCLE" MART CHAMNESS.

WAS FIRST CARPENTER

In Maryville, Arriving Here in 1858—Made First Good Bookcase for Court House Officials.

We are pleased to publish the following communication from Uncle Mart Chamness, an old resident of this city. Mr. Chamness was the first carpenter, excepting one, that came to Maryville who could build a good house or make good furniture. The carpenter mentioned was sick when Mr. Chamness came and was not able to work again. His name is not remembered. Mr. Chamness says:

I have been asked by a number of my friends to write of how I found things in Nodaway county when I came here in the fall of 1858 from Waterloo, Ia. I made furniture that winter. There was only one good house in Maryville at that time and that was the brick house of Uncle Jacky Saunders, east of the public square, and there was not a business house in the place finished with pine lumber.

My first job of carpenter work in 1859 was the A. T. Jenkins store, known as the Signs corner, at Third and Main streets.

This was in the spring of 1859, and it was the first good business improvement in town. Next I made a bookcase for the court house and a secretary for the county treasurer, for which the county court paid me $95. This was the first thing these officers had fit to hold their books.

Next I built the first Catholic church building, St. Mary's. I have forgotten its dimensions, but it was a neat little church with belfry and spire. It had three Gothic windows on each side and large Gothic front doors. I built it under the superintendency of a Dr. Bickett, and I. N. Costillo was my helper. Mr. Costillo was a brother-in-law of the late Captain T. W. Gaunt.

Next I built a dwelling for Caleb Burns on Second street, where the city library now stands. T. L. Robinson bought Burns out and lived in the house until he moved in his fine property.

Next I finished off a room by the old tavern for Richard Conway for his boot and shoe shop. Men wore boots those days.

Next I finished a store room for Saunders Bros., where the Bee Hive shoe store is.

Next, in 1860, I commenced the Michau building, on the corner of Fourth and Main streets. This was the biggest business improvement made before the war. I will correct a small mistake some one made when giving the size of the building and the material used in it. The building was 44x60 feet. The frame was native lumber, the rest first class pine. The shingles cost $9 a thousand. What do you think of that for high?

Bickett and Mulholland kept drugs in a small building until the Michau building was finished, the south part being their store. When this building was completed, in 1861, business was stopped until after the war.

I have told so far of the improvements in Maryville from 1858 to 1861.

I forgot to mention old Mr. Morlan and his sons, who came here from Indiana and went into the goods business before the war. I built a dwelling for them on Second street, and their store was where the Nodaway Valley bank now stands, in an old one-story building.

I will write again, if you would like me to, of the time following the fall of 1866, when I returned to Maryville, and give the changes and improvements from that time on as I remember them.

ARRESTED FOR DISTURBING PEACE AND ASSAULT

William Pfeiffer was arrested Wednesday afternoon by John L. Tilson, deputy sheriff, on a charge of common assault and disturbing the peace, the prosecuting witness being John C. Young of Pickering. The trouble is the outgrowth of the alienation suit brought by Mr. Young against Mr. Pfeiffer for the alienation of Mr. Young's wife affections. The suit was settled out of court recently.

Pfeiffer went to Pickering Wednesday, and about 1 o'clock in the afternoon went into the restaurant of Mr. Young and commenced at once starting trouble. Constable Alexander, who happened to be walking by, took Mr. Pfeffer out of the store. Then an attack was made on Mr. Young, so he claims, when he was coming back from the depot by Pfeiffer.

He will be arraigned in circuit court before Judge Ellison probably this afternoon. It is understood that he will plead guilty.

BALL PLAYERS ARRESTED AT BALL PARK

Just after the start of Wednesday's game there was a rush from the bleachers to the road. Beltz, the Comets' latest addition to the pitching staff, and Baird of Falls City, his opponent of Tuesday afternoon's game, had come down to the game full of the flowing bowl. They had cranked up Mr. J. F. Montgomery's automobile and climbed in it to take a joy ride, but were stopped before the car was started. When the officers reached the car the two pitchers were burning up the gasoline by the gallon. They were taken to town under arrest, but were later released at Mr. Montgomery's request. No damage was done to the car.

RAIN FELL IN SEVERAL PARTS OF THE COUNTY

A light rain fell in several places in the western part of the county last night. At Skidmore it is reported they had a half inch rainfall, and also about as much at Burlington Junction. In the Palestine church neighborhood, a few miles from Skidmore, several farmers say that they had three inches of rain.

It looked like Maryville and vicinity was going to get rain last night, but all of the clouds passed over, and about 1 o'clock this morning the sky was clear. It is cooler today, and the weather forecast for tonight is thunderstorms and cooler.

LINEBAUGH CASE TO BE GIVEN TO JURY FRIDAY

The argument of the attorneys to the jury in the Linebaugh contest will case commenced this afternoon, and the case will probably not be given to the jury until Friday morning. George Robb Ellison, one of the attorneys for the Linebaughs, made the opening argument.

Left for Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Goforth and two children, Doris and Donald, left this afternoon for Palestine, Ill., where they will visit for a week or so with Mrs. Goforth's parents, Rev. and Mrs. D. W. Conner. Rev. Conner is pastor of the First Christian church of Palestine.

Mrs. I. J. Phipps and children went to Grant City Thursday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Waugh.

Thomas Holliday, who has been visiting his daughter-in-law, Mrs. J. A. Holliday and family, went to Tarkio Thursday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Dragoo.

Mrs. W. A. Spangler and little daughters of Pickering, who have been visiting relatives at Burlington Junction, returned to their home Thursday.

CLUB OUT OF MONEY

SOLICITORS TRYING TO RAISE FUNDS FOR BASE BALL.

OLD DIRECTORS ARE OUT

Meeting to Be Held Tonight in Commercial Club to Take Some Action.

It looks now as though the Maryville base ball team is a thing of the past. Solicitors were out working this morning trying to raise $1,000 so as to enable the team to finish the season, and up to noon only $400 had been subscribed, and nearly all of the business men and fans had been seen. It is not thought that the balance can be raised, although another effort will be made.

Maryville raised only about $1,700 at the first of the season for the ball team, and they have been running short the last week or so. The attendance has been good here, and it was thought that the team would be able to play the schedule without an additional subscription.

A number of other teams in the Mink league have raised more money. It is stated on good authority that Falls City is up against it, as is also Auburn. The attendance at Maryville has been better than at any other town in this league this year. But it seems that there is no salary limit, as many of the teams are exceeding the limit of $850 by more than $300 or $400.

The Maryville team didn't go to Falls City until noon today, making the trip in two automobiles. It is thought that they will get into Falls City in time for the game this afternoon. It was decided last night that Maryville would forfeit the game today to see if the necessary money could be raised, but John Kane and a few others decided to stand the expense of sending the team to Falls City in automobiles.

All of the directors of the Maryville ball club—L. C. Cook, John Murrin, E. H. Bainum, R. G. Koch and W. J. Hutton—have handed in their resignations, and if the money is raised for the ball team a new organization will have to be perfected.

A meeting of the fans and business men will be held in the Commercial club rooms this evening at 8 o'clock to decide whether Maryville will keep on playing ball in the Mink league. Every fan is urged to be present.

Mrs. Lewis Jones of Enid, Okla., is expected to arrive in Maryville Thursday night on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Margaret Toel, and her sisters and brothers, Mrs. John Herren, Mrs. George Lorance, Mrs. J. L. Jones and W. J. Toel.

Herbert Moore, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Moore of Kansas City, arrived in the city Thursday noon on a visit to his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moore of North Main street.

Harry M. Snyder of Norton, Kan., is in Maryville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clun Price and Miss Emma Crandell.

The Weather

Cooler and unsettled weather with probably local thunderstorms tonight or Friday.

Advice about your eyes.

When reading have the light fall on the page over the left shoulder. Never try to read with insufficient light. Do not continue reading or sewing after your eyes have begun to tire. Never use eye salves or washes except upon the advice of a physician. If after you heed these warnings your eyes even still give you trouble, visit our optical department, and get a properly fitted pair of glasses.

Crane's

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered as second-class matter June 4, 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville, Mo., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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W. C. VANCLEVE.. } .....EDITORS
JAMES TODD..... }
T. S. DEMOTTE, SUPERINTENDENT

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Delivered in Maryville by carrier at 15 cents per week.

Largest Circulation in Nodaway County.

POLITICAL NOTES.

(By Democratic Publicity Bureau.)

It cost the country $845,184.56 in two years to bust trusts, but the trusts look the least busted.

* * *

A little while and the Republicans will have lost control of the White House also. The Democratic patriot who can't see a postoffice in his dreams is too sound a sleeper.

* * *

Nick Longworth, the famous son-in-law, says the Democratic theory of the wool tariff is hoary with age. It came down from Sinai in the words "Thou shalt not steal," and the centuries can never efface it.

* * *

Col. Ben Deering has sent out a statement from the Republican publicity bureau to the effect that the state officials, whose duty it is to redistrict the state into senatorial districts had abandoned the job and that the matter would have to be attended to by petition via the initiative and referendum. All of which is hogwash. The truth is the majority of the state officials had regard for their oath of office and discharged this duty, as they do every duty under the law. Hence the state has been divided into senatorial districts, and the plat on file in the secretary of state's office is as much a part of the law of Missouri as any act passed by the legislature.

Miss Nell Peery of Portland, Ore., is visiting in the city with Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Peery.

A SOUND BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

You can't figure out a sounder business proposition than that which urges the people to vote the $3,500,000 new capitol August 1st. The law provides that only this amount may be used; that $300,000 of it goes to furnishing the new capitol, $200,000 to purchasing additional capitol grounds; and $3,000,000 must rebuild the capitol complete—the state will not be liable for any added sum expended. This amount is broken up into thirteen equal parts of $269,230 per year, the bonds running thirteen years, which is a sum so small as not to be felt by such a rich and growing state as ours. This annual payment in turn is broken up into very small parts of 2 cents on the $100 assessed valuation and distributed among the taxpayers of the state, a sum that means only a few cents to each individual. The proposition is not only a sound one when considered alone, but is strengthened when considered in the light of the $5,000,000 issue to be voted on November, 1912, if the August election fails to see its adoption. To carry the $3,500,000 proposition, not only means a new state house which is badly needed and which we can not build for less, but it also means a saving of $1,500,000 in principal and an equal amount in interest over the $5,000,000 plan. Its good business and sound policy and wise judgment to get behind the special election proposition and carry it by the necessary two-thirds.

Stop Frowning

Frowns are a pretty sure indication of weak eyes or defective vison — also that a good pair of glasses are needed; they will improve your looks as well as your eyesight.

Wear Proper Glasses

Glasses to fit your needs must fit your features as well as your eyes. We can do both to your entire satisfaction.

YOU WILL LOOK WELL
AND SEE WELL
IF YOU HAVE THEM
FITTED AT

Raines Brothers
EXCLUSIVE OPTICIANS

109 West Third Street.

NEW BUSINESS FIRM

KNOWN AS THE CEMENT BLOCK AND TILE FACTORY.

WAS FORMED THURSDAY

The Proprietors Are Louis Gram, J. D. Frank and B. A. Frost—Business to Be Conducted on East First.

A new business firm was formed Thursday morning that unites the interests of Louis Gram, for the past three years owner and operator of the cement block factory, and J. D. Frank and Byron A. Frost, proprietors of the cement tile factory.

The name of the new business is the Cement Block and Tile company, with Louis Gram, J. D. Frank and Byron A. Frost owners and proprietors.

The business will be conducted at the same places, the tiling to be manufactured at the present place, on East First street, and the cement blocks at the factory on East Thompson street.

Mr. Gram succeeded Edward Forsyth as proprietor of the cement block factory three years ago, and has conducted it very successfully. He has had wide experience in that business, both as manufacturer and builder. He learned the business in Germany and worked as a builder in stone and brick for a number of years. He has fine knowledge of the cement block business, which promises to be a big factor in building in future, as all contemplating building are considering the advisability of cement blocks wherever possible, owing to the high price of lumber.

Mr. Frank and Mr. Frost began their business of making cement tiling a year ago, and they are more than gratified with their business venture.

The new firm will be one of great service to the community. Especial attention will be paid to building rock houses, and all kinds of masonry, which is receiving much consideration these days, when strength and durability are considered in building a home as much as symmetry and beauty. We wish the new firm unbounded success.

REMARKABLE SERMONS.

Some Were Cruelly Long, and Others Were Models of Brevity.

Sermons are not so lengthy as they used to be, and one seldom sees in the comic prints the joke, so familiar in other times, wherein the minister was chided for his "fourteenthly" remark, which was supposed to mark a period in his sermon somewhat toward its close.

It is said that Thomas Hooker thought his duty ill performed if his sermon did not consume three hours. Once it is related that the famous divine did deliver a really short sermon—preaching exactly fifteen minutes. He sat down, but after a brief rest was up and at it again for two hours more. Every one of Cranmer's sermons was a small volume in itself, and Bunyan, Calvin, Baxter and Knox are all said to have been only a little more merciful to their hearers.

In striking contrast to these long winded discourses may be mentioned some startlingly brief sermons of late years. Perhaps the shortest of all was that delivered by a clergyman at Ocean Grove, N. J., who, after announcing his text, impressively surveyed his congregation and then said:

"Don't worry; it's wicked." He then sat down.

It would be difficult to exceed this in brevity and effectiveness, but a north of England vicar in the last century closely approximated it. He gave out the text, "God so loved the world," etc., to which he added this observation:

"My friends, did I speak an hour I couldn't make that message any plainer. I'll just leave it with you."

Another example of a brief but extraordinarily effective sermon was furnished by an aged and feeble clergyman in Ohio. He had been requested to deliver a charity address on behalf of orphan children, but his strength was unequal to the task. It was therefore an inspiration indeed that moved him to stretch forth one feeble arm in the direction of the little unfortunates sitting near the pulpit and to exclaim with no little pathos, "Whence shall we find bread that these may eat?"

So impressed was the congregation that the collection was the largest ever taken in that vicinity.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Ghost In the Commons.

A certain M. P., lying ill on the continent a number of years ago, received an urgent "whip" for a critical division in the house and replied that he would be present at all cost to his health or convenience. On the eventful night when the house divided the tellers at the division lobby door saw the M. P. in question, and his vote was recorded. The day afterward it was discovered that the number of votes recorded by the division clerks was one short of the number given by the tellers. It was afterward found that at the time the division was taken the M. P. had breathed his last.—London Mail.

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

The Herald favors the building of the new state capitol. Let's vote right in August.—DeKalb Co. Herald.

This paper thinks that $3,500,000 is enough to erect and furnish a new capitol, hence favors voting aye on August 1st.—St. Clair Democrat.

The proposition of rebuilding the state capitol at Jefferson City is to be voted upon in August and should carry by a handsome majority.—Columbia Daily Tribune.

The state is now entirely without a capitol building and it has to have one. Every voter should feel a pride in sanctioning the proposition to erect a state house in keeping with the full requirement and dignity of "Imperial Missouri." The proposition to be submitted in August ought to easily carry—Missouri Cash Book.

Voters throughout the state should organize and carry the three and a half million dollar proposition for a new capitol.—Mexico Ledger.

Let's rebuild the state capitol at Jefferson City and issue three and a half million dollars in bonds therefor.—Mexico Intelligencer.

Nearly all the leading men of both political parties, including public officials, believe that the permanent seat of government should and must remain at Jefferson City, and they are favorable to the pending three and a half million dollar bond proposition.—Monett Daily Star.

A better proposition in business has never been put up to the people of Missouri than that to expend $3,500,000 upon a new capitol building, its equipment and additional grounds.—St. Joseph Gazette.

The people almost without exception are agreed that the capitol should be rebuilt as speedily as possible.—Poplar Bluff Citizen-Democrat.

This is a movement of state-wide interest in which all voters should unite regardless of politics, and thereby do an act really of credit to the state.—Cowgill Chief.

The new capitol will be worth to the state ten times as much as it will cost.—Cape County Herald.

The people of this state, on Tuesday, August 1st, will by their votes give the new capitol proposition their universal approval.—Excelsior Springs Standard.

The true citizen of Missouri can not afford to vote against the issue of bonds on August 1st for the erection of a new state capitol.—Bunceton Tribune.

In these days of progress in Missouri the people can well afford to incur a debt of $3,500,000 for a new capitol.—Gasconade Republican.

This paper is heartily in favor of the three and a half million dollar bond issue to build a new capitol and will work to that end.—Deepwater World.

Vote for the three and a half million dollar bond issue to rebuild the state capitol.—De Soto Press.

Missourians will hardly hesitate to vote three and a half million dollars to rebuild and furnish a new capitol.—Johnson County Star.

As for us and ours we are going to support the three and a half million dollar new capitol proposition.—Doniphan Prospect-News.

Let's get in line for the August election and settle the matter then, and settle it right.—Caruthersville Twice-a-Week Democrat.

There is no valid reason why this proposition to rebuild the state capitol should not be heartily supported August 1st.—Clifton Hill Rustler.

The state is able to build and equip a suitable state house and the sooner it is done the better.—Bloomfield Vindicator.

REBUILD THE STATE CAPITOL.

No tax payer should overlook the following important considerations with respect to the special election to be held on August first:

First: Missouri is without a capitol in which to transact public business and preserve public records. This is the result of a disastrous fire, and presents a situation that must be met by the people.

Second: The legislature provided two plans, one of which must be adopted, or the state be left without a capitol for years to come. The first of these propositions is the bond issue of $3,500,000 to be voted upon on August 1st. If this fails a bond issue of $5,000,000 is to be voted upon in November, 1912.

Third: By the adoption of the $3,500,000 proposition on August 1st, the people can save $1,500,000, upon the principal and more than $1,000,000 in interest; and prevent two or three years of expensive delay in the completion of a new building.

Fourth: The amount each taxpayer will be called upon to pay is insignificant. For instance, a man owning a farm of the cash value of $3,000, assessed at $1,000, would be called upon to pay 20 cents a year for not over 13 years, with the prospect that he would have these taxes to pay for only eight years, owing to the rate of increase of the value of taxable property in the state from year to year, and the consequent increase in revenue.

THE REAL ESTATE BANK

announces the promotion of GEORGE B. BAKER from Cashier to President and the election of EDWARD E. WILLIAMS as Cashier.

The new officers invite the old customers and new patrons and friends to call at the banking house, and assure all that the same liberal policy that has characterized the bank in past years will be continued in the future. Every accomodation consistent with safe banking will be extended the patrons of The Real Estate Bank.

MONEY FOR THE BABIES

The plan to start every baby born in Nodaway County this year with a bank account will be continued by the new officers.

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

Meeting Postponed.

The regular monthly meeting of the C. W. B. M. of the Christian church has been postponed until next Friday, July 14.

Missionary Tea Postponed.

The Baptist ladies' missionary tea, which was announced for Friday afternoon of this week, has been postponed until Thursday afternoon of next week. Mrs. Lee Harrell will be the hostess.

For Des Moines Guests.

A picnic supper at McJimsey lake was given Fourth of July evening to honor Miss Ella Walton Frank's guests, Miss Alva Baldwin and Mrs. William Zeiser of Des Moines, Ia. Those in the party were Miss Frank, Miss Baldwin, Mr. Zeiser, Misses Hazel Ritchie, Grace Sturm, Glen Hotchkiss, Marie Brink, Alice Ray and Miss Helen Dunn of Bolckow, Messrs. Fred Lewis, Fred Bellows, Harold Bellows, Andy Chris Cummins, Elmore Frank and Dale Bellows.

Celebrated Birthday.

Mrs. T. L. Wilderman gave a family birthday dinner party Monday in observance of the eighty-ninth birthday anniversary of her grandmother, Mrs. Katherine Walker, who makes her home with her. Mrs. Walker received many gifts and a post card shower from her friends. The dinner party included Mrs. Walker and her only child, Mrs. James N. Bryan, and husband, James N. Bryan; Mr. and Mrs. Wilderman and their daughters, Josephine and Odette. Mrs. Walker is in excellent health. She has been a resident of Nodaway county since 1850, and is a sister of the late Judge J. E. Alexander of Maryville, who was an influential pioneer resident, the father of Mrs. John C. Curfman of this city.

Fourth of July Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ingles and little son, Leland, and Orville Thompson, of Dawson; Oliver Cordill of St. Joseph and Miss Bessie Sechrist of Lawton, Okla., were Fourth of July dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hawkins and family. Mr. Ingles and his family and Mr. Thompson made the trip to Maryville in their new car. Mrs. Ingles is a niece of Mrs. Hawkins. The visitors were accompanied home by Miss Ivy B. Hawkins for a few days' visit with them. Oliver Cordill, who was a guest at the Hawkins home, is a son of Tunis S. Cordill of St. Joseph, formerly of this city. Another son, Robert Cordill, was Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins' guest last week.

Bride and Groom Go Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Baughman, who were married last Thursday at Green Forrest, Ark., and have been visiting in the city since Monday with the bride's sister, Miss Ella Adams, and brothers, D. and Burt Adams, left Thursday morning for their new home in Seattle, Wash. Quite a number of the members of the Rebekah lodge were at the Burlington train to see the bride off and extend to her their best wishes. They also presented her a beautiful Rebekah pin. Mrs. Eastman was formerly Miss Sadie Adams of this city, and previous to her removal to Arkansas, a little over a year ago, where she was employed on the Green Forest Tribune, she was society reporter for the old Maryville Daily Republican. Mr. Baughman is superintendent of sanitation for the city of Seattle.

Neighbors Picnicked.

A picnic dinner was enjoyed the Fourth on the lawn of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bailey, 501 South Vine street, by a company who have been neighbors for many years. The gathering at this time will in all probability be the last picnic together for a long time, as a number of them will soon leave our city. The company included Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Drew Protzman and children; Mrs. S. R. Rowley and daughter, Miss Sebee Rowley; Miss Ada Albert and Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sage and daughters, Miss Florence and Miss Neva Sage. Mr. Bailey will go on a trip to Florida before long and with Mrs. Bailey may conclude to take up their residence there for a year. Mrs. Rowley will go to St. Louis this fall to make her residence for a year while her daughter, Miss Sebee Rowley, teaches in the school of Webster Groves.

For Arkansas Visitor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crow gave a picnic dinner Wednesday evening at their home, 301 East Sixth street, complimentary to Miss Mabel Allen's guest, Miss Margaret Beattie of Newport, Ark. Their company included Miss Beattie, Miss Allen, Miss Lella Bonewitz, Dr. Frank Wallis, Dr. Harry Stinson and Merrill L. Beattie. The same company formed a picnic party to Bridgewater on Sunday in Miss Beattie's honor.

William Pliss, Maryville, has been appointed by a Kansas City correspondence school as a detective, and has a diploma at the court house, and is prepared to undertake any work any one may have to do in his line. No. 4 is the highest grade given by the school and Mr. Pliss was graded as No. 9. Mr. Pliss has the right under his diploma to take charge of any work that may come up.

Mrs. L. S. Yeo and little sons, Burdette and Loren, left Thursday morning for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Butchart, Sr., of LaCygne, Kan. Mrs. Yeo stopped in St. Joseph for a visit with her brother, George Butchart, Jr., and family.

Miss Emma Lee Taylor will leave Friday morning for Excelsior Springs to join her mother, Mrs. H. K. Taylor and daughter, Miss Hattie Mae, who have been at the Springs the past two weeks. Miss Taylor will be gone two or three weeks.

Miss Ada Clayton returned Thursday from a two days' visit at Burlington Junction with Mrs. Belle Drain.

Miss Ruth O'Malley of Albany is visiting in the city with Miss Marian Sanders.

HAVE JOINED THE BOY SCOUTS

Several more boy organizations, it was announced today, have been amalgamated with the Boy Scouts of America. The members of the National Scouts of America, of which William Verbeck, adjutant general of New York state, and head of St. John's school, is the leader, have been urged to join the Boy Scouts. The members of the Order of the American Boy have been asked by its founder, Griffith Ogden Ellis of Detroit, Mich., to become Boy Scouts.

Since James E. West became executive secretary of the national headquarters of the Boy Scouts of America, work has been vigorously carried on toward the unification of the various Boy Scout organizations in the country. Toward this end, Ernest Thompson Seton, Daniel Carter Beard and other leaders in Boy Scout activities have been working zealously. The opinion is held firmly that greater good will be accomplished in the training of the bodies, minds and characters of the boys of America, by having these different movements a unit. Thus far the work has gone on smoothly.

General Verbeck established the National Scouts of America more than a year ago. He aimed to teach the boys self-reliance, quick wit in any emergency, and unselfishness and patriotism, and in addition develop their bodies. While he did not aim to make the organization strictly military, he arranged that the boys should form companies, with a captain and lieutenant, and that they should have a meeting place which they could call a fort. Companies were formed throughout the country. Then General Verbeck became a member of the national council of the Boy Scouts of America. He saw the good that was being done by the larger organizations, and recently decided it would be much wiser if the National Scouts of America united with the Boy Scouts of America.

The order of the American Boy was formed for "The cultivation of manliness, in muscle, mind and morals." Ellis, the founder, aimed to promote mutual and healthful friendship among the boys; to cultivate physical, mental and moral courage, to inculcate lessons of patriotism, to stimulate boys to worthy endeavor, to discourage idleness and encourage honest sport and honest work. Griffith Ogden Ellis, the organizer, recently was elected a member of the national council of the Boy Scouts of America, and learning of the work which Ernest Thompson-Seton, Daniel Beard and General Sir Robert Baden-Powell have done for the boys, he felt that the boys in his society could be developed better by becoming Boy Scouts.

Miss Eula Blagg, who had been the guest of Miss Gladys Yeaman since Saturday, returned home Wednesday evening.

J. H. Simmons of Stanberry arrived Thursday morning on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. W. A. Holliday, and family on South Market street.

Todays Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—6,500. Market 10c lower; top, $6.75. Estimate tomorrow, 17,000.

Sheep—15,000. Market 10c lower.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—14,000. Market 10c lower.

Hogs—18,000. Market 5c lower; top, $6.52.

Sheep—8,000. Market 10c lower.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—4,000. Market 10c lower.

Hogs—13,000. Market 5c lower; top, $6.52.

Sheep—6,000. 10c lower.

AN APPEAL TO BUSINESS MEN.

It is very unfortunate when a purely business matter gets tangled up with politics, and the taxpayers are always to be felicitated when a question involving a bond issue is submitted as a clear-cut business proposition, divorced from the heat and passion of a political campaign. The special election called August 1st to pass upon the matter of bonding the state for $3,500,000 to rebuild the state capitol, furnish it and purchase additional capitol grounds, is happily one not complicated in any way with politics. It is to be considered purely on its merits. Each voter will decide as a business proposition whether or not the state should have an adequately large, substantial, modern, artistic fireproof capitol in which the business of the state may be transacted. If this question is answered in the affirmative, the only remaining decision point is whether to invest $3,500,000 or $5,000,000 in the enterprise. If the smaller sum will answer the purpose of the state for a century to come, why spend $1,500,000 more in principal with its added $1,500,000 in additional interest? If you believe in divorcing the state's business from politics, you must carry the special election August 1st by a two-thirds majority, because the $5,000,000 issue is to be decided at the general election next year, if the $3,500,000 issue is not authorized at the special election. And that will take the matter into a political campaign and endanger the rebuilding of the new capitol for a decade to come. For this reason the $3,500,000 proposition to be voted upon at the special election August 1st, appeals to the business man. It is a business matter that should be settled in a business way by business men. There are doubtless selfish politicians who want to drag the matter through a half dozen campaigns regardless of the best interest of the state, but the business men of Missouri will see to it on August 1st that this business matter is settled in a business way to the disappointment of the professional agitator.

Fine watch and jewelry repairing at Crane's.

Kansas Stock and Grain Farm for sale.

320 acres, 6 room house, barn, granary, orchard, living water; located 6 miles south of Newton, on the Santa Fe R. R. and 9 miles west of Whitewater on the Rock Island R. R. 160 acres in crop, balance pasture and meadows. Price $62.50 per acre. Terms to suit purchaser. See or write for better description, J. H. Wacker, owner, 501 Southeast Third st., Newton, Kas.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Get your barbering done at

Woodard's

It's the Sanitary Shop and nothing costs over 15 cents.

Beautiful Ferns

"The Peer of All House Plants." We have never offered a nicer assortment of Ferns than we have at present both as to quality and quantity in all sizes and varieties.

ENGELMANN GREENHOUSES.
1201 South Main Street.
Hanamo 17 1-2, Bell 126.

ELLIOTT NORTHCOTT.

U. S. Minister To Nicaraugua Is Home Bound.

© by Harris & Ewing.

MRS. NORTHCOTT ILL

Our Minister to Nicaragua Bringing His Wife Home.

Panama, July 6.—Elliott Northcott, United States minister to Nicaragua, arrived here en route to the United States. He is going north because of the illness of his wife, who is now convalescent and accompanies him. They sailed on a German steamer for New York.

POWDER MAGAZINES WRECKED MAINE

Bixby Says Destruction Not Caused From Without.

Washington, July 6.—The loss of the battleship Maine was caused by the explosion of its three magazines. No such effect as that produced upon the vessel could have been caused by an explosion from without. Such is the opinion of General William S. Bixby, chief of engineers, U. S. A., who has returned from a personal inspection of the work of raising the Maine.

General Bixby said that a portion of the deck over the magazines was blown upward and laid backward and there were numerous conditions of the bulk which proved this. No explosion from the outside, said the general, could have caused the same result.

"What the primary cause of the explosion was," said General Bixby, "will never be learned."

General Bixby does not believe the bodies of those who lost they lives will be found on the Maine. He says they are buried 200 feet or more from the wreck in the mud.

NEW IDEA MONOPLANE FAILS

Proves to Be Unruly and Is Wrecked in Maiden Flight.

New York, July 6.—In its maiden flight a $10,000 new idea monoplane, equipped with twin revolving motors and twin propellers, was wrecked beyond repair at the Mineola aviation field and its pilot, Arthur Stone, was stunned and badly cut, but escaped miraculously with his life.

The monoplane was designed by Willis McCormick. It showed plenty of speed, but proved unruly at the turns and the stiff wind blowing finally upset it. Straight for the earth it plunged from a height of fifty feet with full power on. Stone was picked up breathing and rushed to the nearest hospital.

Performs Operation on Sleeping Hubby

Aberdeen, S. D., July 6.—John Carroll, a fireman on the Milwaukee railway, running west from Mobridge, S. D., and residing at that place, is in an Aberdeen hospital and may die, as the result of an attack upon him by his wife, who is alleged to have chloroformed him as he slept by her side at night, and then emasculated him. Jealousy is said to have been the cause of the deed. Mrs. Carroll is in jail at Mobridge. Public sentiment there is bitter against her. Carroll is twenty-five, his wife is forty.

Pope Applauds Peace Work.

Washington, July 6.—Pope Pius X., in an autograph letter received by the apostolic delegate to Washington, applauds the lead taken by the United States in the world wide campaign for international peace. It is expected that the president, because of his well known peace views, will reply to the cordial sentiments of the ruler of the church.

Nebraskan Drowned in an Iowa River.

Sioux City, Ia., July 6.—George Manscher, aged nineteen years, of Walthill, Neb., was drowned while swimming in the Sioux river at Riverside park here. Manscher went into the water against the advice of physicians. Over-exertion was responsible for his death.

WILL NOT URGE RECIPROCITY VOTE

Conference of Senate Leaders Decides Not to Press Bill.

TIME TO SPEAK IS GIVEN.

Cummins Criticises President for His Recent Indiana Speeches—Burton of Ohio Takes Strong Position in Favor of Reciprocity.

Washington, July 6.—At a conference of senators participated in by Senators Penrose and Smoot (Reps.) and Martin and Stone (Dems.) it was decided not to press daily for the fixing of a date to vote on the reciprocity bill so long as there are senators prepared to speak.

It was determined, however, to endeavor to fix the hour of convening daily at 11 a. m., instead of noon.

Senator Stone (Dem., Mo.) urged Chairman Penrose again to ask for a definite date for the vote. The conference followed and Senator Penrose announced the change of plans.

Cummins Criticises President.

President Taft's pro-reciprocity speeches in Indiana were sharply criticised in the senate by Senator Cummins.

"When the president abandons the duties of his office and enters upon a campaign to mould or lead public opinion on this reciprocity bill," said Cummins, "then he is on the same level as any other man and cannot be exempt from the criticism of the arguments he uses."

Senator Cummins attacked the president's statement that removal of the duty on farm products would not reduce the cost of living. He said the president was thus inconsistent in urging that the Canadian agreement will benefit consumers.

Disclaiming, however, any intention of criticising the president personally, Cummins said:

"It is vastly better for him to go through the country trying to lead and influence public opinion than it would be for him to use the power of his great office to carry this bill through congress."

He declared that if the President's speech was to be taken as the explanation of the purposes of the Canadian bill, congress had better adjourn.

"I believe this special session of 1911 will be known in history as the session that more firmly fastened on the people and the country the burdens of special tariff privileges."

Burton Speaks for Bill.

Senator Burton (O.), with a prefatory explanation that he was not assuming to defend the administration, because "the administration needs no defense," made a notable speech in behalf of the Canadian reciprocity bill in the senate. He declared that reciprocity was the "ultimate destiny" of Canada and the United States; that all natural conditions were opposed to the maintenance of border warfare in commercial matters, and that the farmers of the United States would not suffer injury from the enactment of the Canadian agreement.

Senator Burton was most emphatic in his indorsement of the agreement. He declared reciprocity would not injure the farmer's interests.

DISCUSS ACTION OF KAISER

France, England and Russia Trying to Fathom Germany's Motives.

Paris, July 6.—Conversations are still going on between France, England and Russia relative to France's response to the intervention of Germany in Morocco. Should a reply be forwarded it probably would not be before Saturday, when President Fallieres and Foreign Minister De Selves are to return from their visit to Holland.

A majority of the press print daily the question, "What does Germany want?"

Some newspapers, like the Figaro, criticise the French government for a lack of decision in defending the interest of France and accuse the cabinet of leaning too heavily on the initiative in England.

Direct Elections Sent to Conference.

Washington, July 6.—The house sent to conference the resolution providing for the direct election of United States senators. The speaker named Representatives Rucker of Missouri, Conry of New York and Olmsted of Pennsylvania as house conferees. The senate conferees are Clark of Wyoming, Nelson of Minnesota and Bacon of Georgia. They will meet soon.

Henry Denounces Dollar Diplomacy.

Washington, July 6.—Lavish display of American diplomats in foreign courts was described as abasing the dignity of this republic; "dollar diplomacy" was denounced as a dangerous thing, and American heiresses who have made international alliances were assailed in a speech in the house by Representative Henry of Texas.

Four Killed in Collision.

Superior, Wis., July 6.—Four men were killed and three seriously injured in a collision between an extra and a gravel train on the Soo line a few miles from this city. The dead and injured are all railroad men. The trains met on a bridge over the Nemadji river. The bridge caught fire after the collision.

YOUR POCKETBOOK IS YOUR WIFE'S, TOO

(Marguerite Mooers Marshall in the New York World.)

What is a wife's just share of the family income?

Is a wife's empty pocketbook a factor in the divorce problem?

The questions are asked by Mrs. Ella W. Peattie in a discussion of "Your Wife's Pocketbook," in a current periodical. Mrs. Rheta Childe Dorr, sociologist; Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, lawyer, and Mrs. Wilson Woodrow, writer, have answered Mrs. Peattie's questions in their several ways.

The opinion of Dr. Eugenia Hancock, a practicing physician, whose marriage to another member of her profession did not stop her own work, follows:

"A great many wives do not receive a just share of their husband's income, but they get too much instead of too little," said Dr. Hancock. "There are more spendthrift wives in America than there are stingy husbands.

"If a husband does not give his wife enough money it is very apt to be her own fault. She has probably shown she does not know how to handle it. I have nothing but pity for so many American husbands, who work and worry day and night, to provide their wives with luxuries and then are continually being nagged for more money.

"One trouble is that so many women have no business training before they marry. I don't believe that any young girl, or indeed any woman, should work outside her home unless she is compelled to do so. I know that is directly against the spirit of the age, but I speak from the coldly disillusioned viewpoint of the physician. I have seen too many cases of broken down women, even of worn out young girls, to subscribe to the popular fallacy that a woman is as much a part of the business world as a man.

"But I do think that every woman, whether she is rich or poor, should be taught the proper handling of money. From her little girl days she should have an allowance and learn how to spend it judiciously. She should not feel, either, that if she wastes it there is plenty more coming to her. She should learn by personal discomfort and deprivation, if necessary, not to squander her funds. And if she learns with cents she will have no trouble with dollars later on.

"Then, when she marries, she may be trusted with a pocketbook that is not empty. And there's little fear but that, if she deserves it, her husband will give it to her. Our American men are as notoriously generous as our American women are quick to take advantage of their generosity.

"It seems to me that it would not be fair to stipulate, in every instance, that the husband should give his wife so much every week for her own personal wants. Many men could not afford to do this, just as they could not afford to take a fixed and definite weekly sum for themselves. One week the rent must be paid, another week the grocery bill, and all the members of the family must accommodate themselves to the fact.

"But with the one purse in common, and a proper spirit in both husband and wife, there can be no difficulty. Out of this single fund the home expenses will be paid and what is left will naturally be divided. There must be a certain amount of accommodation and unselfishness on both sides; for instance, the right sort of wife doesn't insist on a new hat when her husband is still wearing his last year's overcoat, though I've observed that little piece of inconsiderateness in a number of cases.

"I know of one case where the husband literally halved his income for his wife. He gave her every other month's salary. With her money she also bought things for the home, as he did with his, but she never had to answer any questions as to how she spent it. I remember one day I heard him ask her, carelessly, how much she had paid for a pair of gloves she was wearing. 'It's no affair of yours, Albert, dear,' she responded cheerfully. 'I bought them with my money.' Obviously she never felt the humiliation of the begging attitude.

"The arrangement worked beautifully in that particular case, and the two were devoted to each other. But, generally speaking, I don't believe in a formal division. It emphasizes separateness, and most married people aren't enough together nowadays."

SAVE A MILLION AND A HALF DOLLARS.

It is with much gratification that the Democrat notes that practically every newspaper in the state favors this proposition and as far as we are able to learn there is almost no opposition from any source. This is as it should be and is an exceedingly wise policy upon the part of the citizens and voters of the state. The quicker the matter is settled and out of the way the better will it be for the progress and prosperity of the state. It appears to be a sufficient amount to build a creditable capitol building for the state and will probably be more economically and honestly spent for the purpose intended than a much larger amount. If this proposition does not carry an election will be held in 1912 asking for five million dollars for the same purpose. It requires less votes to carry the five million proposition than it does the three and one-half million, and therefore it would appear a good opportunity to save one and one-half million dollars, besides the great worth to the state in having the question settled and the agitation stopped, thus allowing the state to go forward unitedly with other projects that go to the development of this wonderful commonwealth. This is one proposition that we hope to see the voters unanimous upon. There is neither politics nor religion in it and we should therefore take it up as loyal and patriotic citizens of the state and go to the polls on August first and vote for the three and one-half millions bond proposition.—Moberly Democrat.

RAILROADS OBEY NEW LAW.

Burlington to Install Sanitary Drinking Cups Throughout System.

Chicago, Ill., July 6.—Railroads throughout the country are speedily complying with the new sanitary regulations made compulsory by a number of the legislatures. The former practice on the part of the big corporations to oppose legislative action by injunction has been abandoned with general alacrity to conform with public opinion.

The Burlington system has taken the lead in the installation of individual drinking cups on all its lines north and west. Though the new law affects the Burlington only in Illinois and Kansas, the officials decided to supply all its patrons in every state with the new individual cups.

Special automatic devices have been installed so that every car will be furnished with an apparatus to supply travelers with the individual cups. The individual paper drinking cup is made of pure cellulose. It folds flat and can be carried in pocket, purse or satchel.

P. S. Eustis, passenger traffic manager of the Burlington system, has personally directed the installation of the automatic devices. He said: "For some time Wisconsin has had the ban on the so-called 'death cup,' it being customary on trains running through the state of Wisconsin to have the porter remove the drinking cups at the northern or southern boundary of the state and replace them after the train had traversed the other boundary line.

"The Burlington system, seeing the wisdom of such a measure, determined not only to comply with the law with reference to these individual states, but to extend its application everywhere on the system. The individual drinking cup with the proper safeguards is being installed in all Burlington stations as well."

WHO SHOULD VOTE "YES."

These should go to the polls on August 1 and work and vote for the new capitol proposition:

All who favor the present permanent seat of government, magnificent in its scenic beauty, splendid in its historical setting, and sacred in its traditions and reminiscences.

All who oppose opening the question of capitol removal, frittering away the time and money and patience of the people in schemes that can never receive the approval of the voters.

All who favor rebuilding the capitol now and not dragging the matter over the tortuous routes of controversy for a dozen years.

All who believe that 3½ million dollars will rebuild an adequate, fire-proof capitol.

All who favor saving $1,500,000 in principal and $1,500,000 in interest—the additional amount the five million dollar proposition will cost.

All who would have Missouri receive the benefit of the advertisement of progress and enterprise that the prompt rebuilding of the capitol would bring.

All who are patriotic enough to take pride in a splendid new state house, built of Missouri stone and material produced by Missourians.

All who love the grand old state and would not see her lag behind her sister states in the matter of civic improvement.

All who think we need a capitol building at all and are big enough and generous enough to be willing to pay the pittance required to build it.

Alphabetical Time.

A Chicago firm finding that there were twelve letters in their name erected a clock over their door with letters instead of numerals. One day a passerby gazed at the dial, deeply puzzled.

"Say, fellers," he said, poking his head in at the door, "is it half-past Morgan or a quarter to Walter?—Success Magazine.

Turning Night Into Day.

When the doors opened in the little Indiana theater a farmer wandered in and looked around.

"Ticket, please," said the doorkeeper.

"The only thing I've got agin these here op'rys," said the Hoosier as he walked away, "is that they don't begin till bedtime."—Success Magazine.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

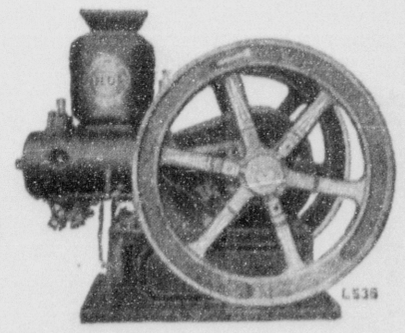
Headquarters for

Olds Gas Engine

You are urged to investigate the merits of the Old Gas Engine.

We have them from 1½ to 600 horse power and can be used to advantage in almost any kind of work, filling silos, for the cream separator, sheller or grinder, or wood saw. W put a guarantee on every engine that goes out of our place. We solicit your patronage.

Wm. Armstrong



DRINK Gay-Ola IT'S BETTER

In Bottles, 5c For sale by all first class fountains, bars and restaurants. Order a case for your home. They all like it.

The Banner Bottling Works, Mfrs

Bell and Hanamo phones. Our Goods:—Seldom Equalled, Never Excelled.

MARYVILLE CHAUTAUQUA

Normal Park, August 12 to 20, 1911. Bigger and better than ever.

The book

that helps you to succeed

YOU do not need to be a scholar to get the greatest use from this book. Many an uneducated person is now enjoying all the best the world can give with its help.

A bank book will start you on the road to success.
Come into this bank today and let us give you one.

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

CAPITAL - - - - - $100,000.00
SURPLUS - - - - - $22,000.00

Economy.

It was at a reception and the lady, who had been reading up on health culture, mistook Lawyer Williams for his brother, the doctor.

"Is it better," she asked confidentially, "to lie on the right side or the left?"

"Madame," replied the lawyer, "if one is on the right side it often isn't necessary to lie at all."—Success Magazine.

Mrs. A. H. Hart, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Berney Harris the past two weeks, left Thursday morning for her home in Chicago. Mrs. Hart is a sister of Mr. Harris.

Fred Newlon and Dr. Dowell of Clearmont were city visitors Thursday.

On Visit to Daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Crane left Thursday morning for a several weeks' stay at Riverton, Neb., with their daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Rasmussen. Mrs. Crane will not return before September.

R. B. Gex and son of near Graham were city visitors Thursday.

Mrs. S. J. Yeomans of East Edward street spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Hopkins, the guest of Mrs. Mary Martin and Mrs. Mary Donlin.

Miss Fern Willey, who has been visiting her sisters, Mrs. Ray Brown of this city, and Mrs. L. H. Hammond, living seven miles west of the city, returned to her home in Cromwell, Ia.

Kane's Place

Liquors,

Wines,

Cigars

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

Waukesha

"Club House"

The Beer of Quality

ADOLPH LIPPMAN
DISTRIBUTOR

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

511 LIVES TOLL OF HEAT WAVE

Four Hundred and Thirty-one Die From High Temperature.

EIGHTY OTHERS ARE DROWNED

Thousands Suffered Prostration in Cities—Torrid Period Will Be Memorable in Weather Annals for Wide Extent and Long Duration.

Washington, July 6.—The loss of more than 500 lives is to be credited to the great heat wave of July 1 to 5, 1911.

The torrid period will be memorable in weather annals for its wide extent, its long duration, its record breaking temperatures in many places, and the long list of fatalities which it has caused.

The hundreds of news dispatches which cities from the north Atlantic seaboard west to the plains states have exchanged in the last four days account, according to a careful review, for the deaths of 431 persons from the heat and eighty from drowning—a total of 511.

Incomplete as the record is from the failure of many points to report specifically the number of such deaths, it is as serious a showing as is remembered for many years, if not a record.

The number of prostrations is still more difficult to compute, but from the review of the dispatches it appears that thousands have been overcome by the heat in the great cities.

Additional Fatalities.

Although many parts of the country reported cessation of the heat wave the relief did not come quickly enough to prevent several additional fatalities over the country.

New York heads the list of deaths from the heat, thirty-six having died there, while for the territory tributary to New York city the figure was doubled.

More than forty deaths were reported in New England, and the prostrations ran into the hundreds. Half a dozen drownings also were reported. Five deaths and thirty-four prostrations were the result of the extreme temperature at New Haven.

The coroner's office at Philadelphia received reports of twenty-nine fatalities from the heat, making a total of fifty-one since the hot wave began. Deaths from the same source were also reported from many parts of the state. Two cases were reported from Scranton and there were also cases in Wilkesbarre, Hazelton, Lancaster, Shenandoah, Shamokin and York.

Two lives and seven protrations was the toll of the heat in Toledo, O. Twe died in Columbus, there were several prostrations, and one person was driven insane. There were two deaths and fifteen prostrations reported in Cincinnati. The deaths of eleven babies in Cleveland are attributed to the heat, and several prostrations are reported. Three deaths and twenty-three prostrations were recorded at Baltimore, Md.

Chicago is a close second to New York in total deaths, thirty-two having been killed there during the day, including twelve babies. Dozens were prostrated. Two suicides were among the deaths. The coroner's office is swamped. Four deaths and twelve prostrations were reported at Peoria.

One person was killed by the heat at Detroit, Mich., and there were twelve prostrations. A member of the crew of a steamer, crazed by the heat, jumped overboard and was drowned.

MARIA PIA IS DEAD

Dowager Queen of Portugal Passes Away at Turin, Italy.

Turin, Italy, July 6.—Maria Pia, queen dowager of Portugal, died at the royal chateau at Stupinigi. She suffered from uremia.

Maria Pia was a daughter of Victor Emmanuel II., king of Italy, and was born Oct. 16, 1847. In 1862 she married King Louis I of Portugal, who died in 1889. Recently she had been living in Italy with her sister, Princess Clothilde, widow of Prince Napoleon. The death of the princess several days ago left the sister prostrated and she had been reported as seriously ill.

The queen dowager passed through many misfortunes. Her brother, King Humbert of Italy, her son, King Carlos, and her grandson, the Portuguese crown prince, were assassinated, and her other grandson, King Manuel, was deposed from the Portuguese throne.

PACKERS PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Indicted Men Appear in Chicago Court Through Counsel and Trial Set.

Chicago, July 6.—Through counsel the packers indicted for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law pleaded not guilty. Their trial is set for Nov. 20. The proceedings occupied but five minutes.

New York, July 6.—Eighteen members of the Eastern Boxboard club, indicted by the federal grand jury on charges of conspiracy and combination in restraint of the paper board trade, entered pleas of not guilty.

Forming Union of 3,000,000 Hoboes.

New York, July 6.—Andrew Furuseth, president of the International Seamen's union, is organizing 3,000,000 hoboes, who turn their hands to whatever offers. Unorganized, they are paid extremely low wages.

CORN MARKETS ARE EXCITED

Prices Jump Four and Three Fourth Cents in Chicago.

WILD SCENES IN KANSAS CITY

Prices Advance Five Cents in First Ten Minutes Because of Reports of Damage to Crop by the Heat—Implement Dealers Cancel Orders.

Chicago, July 6.—Continuance of withering heat over the corn belt was reflected in an excited corn market here, the market selling early to an extreme advance of 4¾ cents.

Buying orders flooded the pit, and quotations varied as much as 2½ cents in different parts of the opening. Oats shared in the excitement, advancing an extreme 2¼ cents.

A private telegram from Kansas City says: "No precedent to go by, as there have been no records like these. Temperatures in the fields were 106 to 115 degrees."

Private advices from all over the corn belt tell the same story. Oklahome burned to a crisp; Kansas scorched from one end to the other.

It is reported that implement dealers have cancelled many orders.

The best known of the crop experts here reports that the condition of oats and hay is the poorest ever known. He places the July condition of oats at 67.2, as compared with 88.3 last month, and that of hay at 66.4, against 80.2 in June. His report puts the present condition of corn at 82.4, as compared with 83.1 a year ago.

Wild Scenes in Kansas City.

Kansas City, July 6.—Amid the wildest scenes enacted on the Kansas City board of trade for years, the corn market gained from 3½ to 5 cents in price in the first ten minutes of trading. During that time approximately 1,000,000 bushels had been traded in. Traders fought each other to secure the grain.

TROLLEY HITS AUTO; KILLS 3

Bushes Obscure Crossing and Motorman Is Unable to Warn.

Warwick, R. I., July 6.—Gustav Menzi of Riverside drove his automobile directly in front of a trolley car and three are dead and Menzi and a fifth are badly injured. The dead and injured were occupants of the automobile.

The dead are: Mrs. Eva Hartley and daughter and Miss Ella M. Bidwell.

The accident occurred at a point where dense bushes grow on both sides of a crossing of a private highway and the trolley tracks. The motorman said he saw nothing of the automobile until it was squarely on the tracks.

Automobile Turns Turtle.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 6.—Thomas and John Roderick, Dennis O'Connor and John Swearinger of Perrin, Mo., were injured when their automobile skidded and turned turtle at Saxton, this county. They were brought to a hospital here. O'Connor had a broken leg and the other men are injured internally. All are farmers.

Atwood Flies 285 Miles.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 6.—Aviator H. N. Atwood flew from New York to Atlantic City, 285 air miles, while the actual distance is but 106 miles, in five hours and twenty minutes. He did not proceed to Washington, as he had intended.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Closing Quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, July 5.—Closing prices: Wheat—July, 89⅞c; Sept., 91⅜@91½c.
Corn—July, 64¾c; Sept., 66⅛c.
Oats—July, 45½c; Sept., 46⅜c.
Pork—July, $15.60; Sept., $15.87½.
Lard—July, $8.30; Sept., $8.42½.
Ribs—July, $8.45; Sept., $8.57½.
Chicago Cash Prices—No. 2 hard wheat, 88½@93c; No. 2 corn, 62¾@63¼c; No. 2 oats, 44¼@44½c.

South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,200; 10@15c lower; beef steers, $5.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.60@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.70; bulls, $3.00@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.75. Hogs—Receipts, 8,100; 15c lower; heavy animals dropped to $6.25 and less, while $6.30@6.35 bought a large share of the butcher offerings; best light hogs moved at $6.45. Sheep—Receipts, 2,400; shade lower; spring lambs, taken from ewes fed in Nebraska and Iowa feed lots, ranged from $7.00 to $7.35, this spread involving good to choice quality; fed lambs, shorn, sold at and near $6.35; fed ewes, also minus fleece, reached $4.15@4.25.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; steady; beeves, $4.90@6.85; western steers, $4.75@5.90; stockers and feeders, $3.35@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.35@5.90; calves, $6.00@8.00. Hogs—Receipts, 27,000; 5@10c lower; light, $6.35@6.85; mixed, $6.35@6.85; heavy, $6.30@6.80; rough, $6.35@6.45; pigs, $6.00@6.60; bulk, $6.55@6.95. Sheep—Receipts, 25,000; 5@10c lower; natives, $2.60@4.05; westerns, $3.00@4.65; yearlings, $4.40@5.30; lambs, $4.25@7.40.

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

PASTURE TO RENT—200 acres two miles west of Maryville. Clover, timothy and blue grass mixed. Has had no stock on it this spring. Fenced in four fields. Running water and three wells and windmills at one. Will rent the whole tract or separate fields. 40, 75, 70 and 15 acres in fields. Call or telephone quick for first choice. Also 160 acres clover and timothy, seven miles north of Maryville, to rent for hay or pasture. See us quick. Will not hold long. The Sisson Loan and Title Co. 10-tf

FOR SALE—Nice 9-room dwelling, close in, three lots, paved streets, for only $3,000.

$1,000 to loan on farm.

R. L. McDOUGAL,
Abstracts of Title, Ins. and Loans.

PIANO BARGAIN—We have a practically new piano procured from the Maryville Publishing company, taken in part settlement for another instrument. In order to save further expense we will sell very cheap for cash or payments as low as $6.00 per month. For particulars write Olney Music Co., St. Joseph, Mo. 28-d&w-tf

To loan—$2,000 on country real estate.

Have a call for good $400 loan on city residence property.

CHARLES E. STILWELL,
Office over Maryville Nat'l Bank, Maryville, Mo. Hanamo phones, office 299, residence 243.

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office, only 10 cents each.

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms at 508 South Main St.

WANTED—Situation. Any kind of work, by woman. Phone Bell 129. 6-8

FOR RENT—After July 1st, good store building, South Main street. See J. F. Roelofson. 3-tf

FOUND—July 4th, at Normal park, lady's purse. Owner may have same by inquiring of U. S. Wright and paying for this notice. 5-7

FOR RENT—5-room house. Modern. See George Pat Wright. 9-tf

WANTE—Dining room girl. Good wages. The Linville. tf.

FOR SALE—Large fireproof safe, cheap. Charles Hyslop. 10-tf

One Minute and Wizard Washing Machines, the up-to-date labor savers.

BAKER & HILL,
West Side Hardware.

Returned to St. Joseph.

Misses Helen and Lillian Strop returned to their home in St. Joseph Thursday afternoon, after a few weeks' visit in Maryville with Miss Ruth Montgomery and Miss Lucile Holmes.

Henry Ingle, Jesse Robertson, R. R. Staples, Dr. Gaugh of Burlington Junction and Joseph Maltby of Long Beach, Cal., were in the city Thursday.

Mrs. W. S. Nicholson and Mrs. J. A. Winterhalter of Hopkins were Maryville visitors Thursday.

DON'T PULL OUT THE GRAY HAIRS

A Few Applications of a Simple Remedy Will Bring Back the Natural Color.

"Pull out one gray hair and a dozen will take its place" is an old saying, which is, to a great extent, true, if no steps are taken to stop the cause. When gray hairs appear it is a sign that Nature needs assistance. It is Nature's call for help. Gray hair, dull, lifeless hair, or hair that is falling out, is not necessarily a sign of advancing age, for there are thousands of elderly people with perfect heads of hair without a single streak of gray.

When gray hairs come, or when the hair seems to be lifeless or dead, some good, reliable hair-restoring treatment should be resorted to at once. Specialists say that one of the best preparations to use is the old-fashioned "sage tea" which our grandparents used. The best preparation of this kind is Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, a preparation of domestic sage and sulphur, scientifically compounded with later discovered hair tonics and stimulants, the whole mixture being carefully balanced and tested by experts.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur is clean and wholesome and perfectly harmless. It refreshes dry, parched hair, removes dandruff and gradually restores faded or gray hair to its natural color.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agent, Koch Pharmacy.

The Best Advice on Lumber Costs the Least Money

and when we say to prospective homebuilders that "now's the time to build" we are offering you really sound advice. No matter what you have heard about cheaper lumber, take it from us that you're on the safe side if you build right now. We haven't been in the lumber business for 6 years for nothing—we know a thing or two and we're willing to admit you do too, but in the face of all this talk nowadays about timber conservation we believe you'll agree that lumber has a fixed value and that by delaying the building of your new home you will gain nothing but inconvenience.

We believe we can convince you the above is good advice—let's talk it over,

E. C. Phares Lumber Company
East Side Square

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. R. Martin's Law Office.

I have opened a law office in the J. B. Robinson building, first stairway north of the Nodaway Valley bank, where I can be found Saturday of each week. Will come any time by appointment. B. R. MARTIN,
Maryville, Mo.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.,
SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over First National Bank.
Calls answered promptly day or night. All phones.

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